HUBBUCK'S

PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.

Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.

THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
21, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,671—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1892.

MCEWAN'S BEER.

As Supplied to all Military Stations,

Rs. 55 per Hogshead.
Rs. 28 per Kilderkin.

The Finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia And the East.

AGENTS:—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday
†	RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	20th Feb.
R.I.	ROME	5750	1200	A. H. Daniel	27th "
†	SURAT	3142	550	R. Sleeman	5th Mar.
R.I.	KHEDIVE	3308	600	L. H. Moule	12th "
†	SIAM	3033	600	H. T. Weighell	19th "
R.I.	MIRZAPORE	3819	600	R. Harvey	26th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	2nd Apr.
R.I.	CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	9th "
†	SIAM	3033	600	H. T. Weighell	16th "
R.I.	CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	30th "
R.I.	ROME	5750	1200	A. H. Daniel	7th May.
†	SIAM	3033	500	H. T. Weighell	14th "
R.I.	PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	21st "
	ASSAM	3033	500	G.W.F. Browne	Friday, 27th May.

The steamers marked R.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Massagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bundar at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
SHANNON	4077	800	C. Edwards	22nd Mar.
PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th April.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	25th Feb.
MALWA	2370	800	C. Preston	10th Mar.
RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	24th "
SURAT	3142	550	R. Sleeman	7th Apl.
THAMES	4073	800	W. Seaton	21st "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, February 19, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
10th March. 7th April.
5th May.

For particular regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jan. 6, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Exner	4,000	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st April
IMPERATRIX	F. Exner	4,000	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck (without food.)
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above Rates include Wine or Beer supplied at Meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey them and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam Launch on the day of sailing.

SLOW SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ELECTRA	C. Bellen	3,200	450	22nd March.
BERENICE	P. Mrsa	3,200	500	22nd April.

RATES OF PASSAGES BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck. (without food).
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 460	Rs. 290	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	A. Mitis	3,200	550	22nd Feb.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
THISBE	A. Lussich	3,800	550	8th March.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

O von HOFFER, Acting Agent,
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Feby. 12, 1892.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail
ASIA	3999	J. Laird	26th Feb.
BRITANNIA	3999	J. Brown	5th March.
ARABIA	3344	C. Fillcoat	19th March.
ARMENIA	3325	Geo. Read	2nd April.
PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	16th April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	30th April.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	14th May.

Passengers can book through to London Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, February 4, 1892.

THE BOMBAY-LONDON S. S. COMPANY.

Steamers.	Tons.	Will sail
*ANNIE BARROW	3265	3rd Week in Feby. for London.
MARY BEYTS	3790	1st " in March, "
†‡MINNA CRAIG	4700	3rd " " "
†QUEEN OF INDIA	3931	1st " in April, "

† Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

* Have Passenger Cabins and Saloon amidship.

These Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have every Accommodation for First Class Passengers. All Cabins are on Upper Deck.

For full particulars apply to

BEYTS, CRAIG & Co.,
Sirdar's Palaces, Bombay.
Bombay, January 18th, 1892.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

S. S. "EMIN," Capt. PETERSEN, WILL SAIL on or about the 1st of March for ZANZIBAR. For Freight and Passage, apply to

F. HEYER, Agent,
5, Bell Lane.
Bombay, February, 1892.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

FAVORABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.

THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.

CONTINENTAL TRAVELLERS' TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD AND HOMEWARD Passage and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.

HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.

INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued. Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected.

CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.

INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.

Handbook of information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13 Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: 6a Court House Street.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a Week, Contains Shipping Arrivals, Departures, Exports, Imports and other Commercial News. Subscription—Rs. 12 per year.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on 20th February, at 10 a.m.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 867 tons, on the 24th February, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on the 21st February, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Basreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 1,983 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 25th February, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 19th February, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co.(London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, HAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward Bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.,
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NOTICES.

MR. ROBERT CHARLES LEES will from THIS DATE SIGN our Firm.

TURNER, MORRISON & CO.,
44, Elphinstone Circle.
18th February 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

RATES FOR CAST-IRON PIPES, &c.

ON and from the First of April, 1892, the CHARGES from BOMBAY to CAWNPUR in booking over this Railway will be for—

(1.) Cast-Iron Pipes in consignments of not less than one hundred and fifty maunds,—twelve annas and ten pies (Re. 0-13-10) per maund; and

(2.) For Machinery for Water Works in consignments of not less than a hundred maunds,—one rupee, three annas, and six pies (Re. 1-3-6) per maund.

These rates will be at Owner's risk in all cases.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, The Nineteenth of February, 1892.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are hereby invited for the RIGHT of COLLECTING ROAD and FERRY TOLLS in the District of Nasik for one year, from 1st April, 1892.

Tenders should be sent in so as to reach the Huzur Deputy Collector at Nasik, not later than 12 noon, official time, on SATURDAY, the 5th March next.

The particular attention of Tenderers is invited to the fact that the Number of Toll bars and the Rates to be charged will not be the same as in the current year.

For further particulars regarding the Tolls and Ferries and the conditions, &c., under which tenders should be made, apply to the Huzur Deputy Collector.

W. PORTEOUS,
Collector of Nasik.
15th February, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that the BUSINESS of DURASHES, &c., carried on by the Undersigned in PARTNERSHIP with his BROTHER HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE and EDULJEE DUBASHES, has been CONTINUED by the undersigned under the same name and style on his own risk and responsibility from the 17th of January, 1892.

CAWASJEE CURSETJEE DUBASH.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of

Fresh (from Ox.)
Vegetables.
Salt Bread
Live Bullocks.
Live Sheep.
Fodder.

To Her Majesty's Ships at Bombay.

Persons wishing to tender, can obtain all particulars and forms, and conditions of contract, on application to the SENIOR NAVAL OFFICER of H. M. Ships at Bombay.

Sealed Tenders should be on board H. M. Ship "Sphinx" by noon on the 25th February 1892.

The above Contract will remain in force for one year from the 1st April next.

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE IN INDIA

TENDERS FOR STORES.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of STORES for the use of the Railway Mail Service in India for two years from 1st April, 1892. Articles to be delivered at the Central Stock Depot, Allahabad, as required.

2. Forms of tender, containing complete information for tenderers as to quantities, articles, conditions, &c., may be obtained after 10th February from the offices of Superintendents, Railway Mail Service, at Allahabad, Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, where also samples of the Stores required may be seen. No tender will be considered unless made on one of these forms.

3. Tenders must reach the office of the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service, at Allahabad, on or before 2nd March 1892.

W. J. HAM,
Inspector-General, R. M. S. in India.
Calcutta, 5th February, 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

OLD MATERIAL FOR SALE.

THE AGENT will receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on Wednesday, 24th February next, offers for the purchase of any quantity out of 18 lots of old material, consisting of telegraph and fencing wire, fish plates, bolts and nuts, wheels, wrot iron, and steel tyres, wrot and cast miscellaneous scrap iron, &c., aggregating about 894 tons, now lying in the Store Yard, Warl Bunder, Mazagon, also, 12 tons old cast steel files at Storekeeper's Yard, Parel, where the same may be viewed on application.

Offers (quoting a rate per ton of 20 cwts. weighed over and delivered on the spot) must be made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and be sent in, accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 100 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender, and all lots must be removed within two months from date of notification.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, February 15, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK, and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales	¼ per cent.
Commission on surrender of Securities out of safe custody	¼ " "

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500 and upwards.

For 6 months 4 per cent. per annum.
" 12 " 5 " "

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, RUMMUM STREET, CORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROMFORD LIGHT BITTER BEER.

(IND COOPE AND CO.'S)

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Per dozen Qts	5 0	5 10
Per dozen Pts	4 0	4 8
Per case of 3 dozen Qts	14 8	16 4
Per case of 6 dozen Pts	23 0	25 12

Bottled specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., which have been appointed Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

N.B.—In consequence of the continued decline in Exchange, our Advertized and List Prices are advanced 5 per cent. from 21st January, 1892.

USEFUL PRESENTS.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD SCARF PINS.

A large and varied Assortment of the most Artistic Designs in Gold and Jewelled Pins.

Gold Horse Shoe Pins, Rs. 7, 9 and 11.—A Horse Shoe set with the best Quality of Diamonds, Rs. 55; also an endless variety of designs, set with Precious Stones of every known variety at prices to suit everybody.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

POSITIVE GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

POLICIES can be taken out from and after this date at CONSIDERABLY REDUCED PREMIUMS.

See the following:

Ages.	Life Policy Rs. 5,000. Monthly Premiums for 30 years only.	Life Policy Rs. 5,000. Monthly Premiums for Life.	Endowment Policy Rs. 5,000 payable at age 55, or previous death. Monthly Premiums.
25	Rs. 19-15-6	Rs. 11-6-6	Rs. 17-15-6
30	" 14-1-3	" 12-11-0	" 22-10-10
35	" 15-7-6	" 14-4-4	" 30-10-0
40	" 17-5-11	" 16-6-1	" 46-12-4

Life Policies are also granted at REDUCED PREMIUMS lasting for 5, 10, 15, 20, and 25 years; Also Endowment Policies, payable at ages 40, 45, 55, 60, and 65.

Under the Positive System there is—

1.—No forfeiture of Assurance in the event of discontinuance of premiums.
2.—Each payment under the limited Premium System secures a proportionate sum assured.
3.—The fixed surrender values are 40 per cent. of the Premiums.
4.—30 per cent. of the Premiums is invested in Government Securities in Trust for Policyholders, with the Official Trustee, to meet claims, thereby affording ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
5.—Claims are payable one month after proof of death.
6.—Liberal conditions and Bonuses are allowed.

THE NEW REDUCED PREMIUMS OF THE COMPANY WILL BE FOUND TO COMPARE VERY FAVOURABLY WITH THOSE OF OTHER ASSURANCE SOCIETIES, WHILE THE POSITIVE SYSTEM ITSELF SECURES MANY ADVANTAGES WHICH ARE NOT ELSEWHERE OBTAINABLE.

For Forms of Proposal, NEW TABLE OF REDUCED RATES, and all information, apply to

Messrs. BYRNE, NANJEE & Co.,
Agents.
93, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.

Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents, or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.

All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.

Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.

ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.

All Orders are executed the same day as received.

HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

CARPETS AND SHAWLS.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL,
AMRITSAR.
Manufacturers of Persian, Turkish and other Oriental Carpets to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress;
And by Special Appointment to
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH,
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,
H. I. H. THE CZAREWITCH OF RUSSIA,
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL'S Carpets are unrivalled. Their stock of Designs is very unique, and their colours are guaranteed to be fast and entirely free from any line. Upwards of 120 Looms in full work, and more about to be added.

The Carpet manufactory is under the superintendence of Mr. H. B. Blake.

Tourists and Visitors to Amritsar should not fail to pay a visit to this manufactory.

And also to their Show-Rooms for Shawls, Rampore Chuddars, Phulkaries, Kashmir Silver, Copper and Papier-Machie work, Ivory work, Hoshiarpore Ivory Inlaid Woodwork, etc., for which they are renowned.

The Establishment of Davee Sahai Chumba Mull is the oldest and largest in Amritsar. Their Goods are Guaranteed to be Genuine.

Prices Reasonable and Fixed. Terms Strictly Cash, or V. P. Post. Price List *free* on Application.

All Orders and Letters should be addressed "CHUMBA MULL" only.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Bunder Road.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.

GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.

HANDBOOKS sent free on Application.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Bunder Road.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.

BURGUNDIES AND SAUTERNES.

Cash. Per doz. Quarts. Rs.	a.	Credit. Per doz. Quarts. Rs.	a.		Cash. Per doz. Pints. Rs.	a.	Credit. Per doz. Pints. Rs.	a.
20	0	22	0	...Still	...BURGUNDY.....Chablis	...11	0	12	0
					A favourite White Dinner Wine.				
20	0	22	0	...Still	...BURGUNDY.....Beaune	...11	0	12	0
					A fine red full-bodied Wine.				
24	0	27	0	...Still	...BURGUNDY.....Macon	...13	0	14	8
					Distinguished for flavour and aroma.				
24	0	27	0	...Still	...BURGUNDY.....Pommard	...13	0	14	8
					This Wine is of fine character and in excellent condition.				
33	0	37	0	...Still	...BURGUNDY.....Chambertin	...17	8	19	8
					This is an exquisite Wine, possessed of ev[illegible]m for which the finest Burgundies are famous.				
21	0	23	0	...Fine	...SAUTERNE .....Barsac	...11	8	13	0
					A good light refreshing Wine.				
24	0	27	0	...Superior	.SAUTERNE .....From the Bordeaux Dist.	13	8	15	0
					Fine mellow flavour with good aroma.				
33	0	37	0	...Haut	...SAUTERNE ...Very rich and fine	.17	8	19	8
					Old in bottle, renowned for its aroma and fine body.				

N.B.—In consequence of the continued decline in Exchange, our Advertized and List Prices are advanced 5 Per Cent. from this date, 21st January, 1892.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRESDEN ROYAL CONSERVATOIRE OF MUSIC AND THEATRE.

NEW COURSE, April 1st; Admissions at any other time. 45 Branches of Instruction; 765 Pupils (1890-91); 87 Teachers, amongst whom Doering, Draeseke, Gruetzmacher, Jensen, Krantz, Rappoldi, Scharfe, Senff-Georgi, Frl, Orgeni, Frau Otto Alvsleben, Frau Rappoldi-Kahrer.

PROSPECTUS AND LIST OF TEACHERS FROM
PROF. KRANTZ, PRINCIPAL.

The "Cream of Scotch Whiskies," and has an enormous sale.

PHILLIPS Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.: Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome, and of delicate Fragrance.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.

Chemists, Wine, and General Merchants. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD. { BOMBAY & POONA.

WHY HOAR & CO. GIVE THE BEST VALUE?

THEY BUY FOR CASH.
" SELL FOR CASH.
" MAKE NO BAD DEBTS.
" SELL THE BEST GOODS.

HOAR & CO., CASH TAILORS.
BOMBAY.

FOR EVENING DRESS.

GENTS' TWO BUTTON WHITE KID Gloves .....pair Rs. 1 8
RICH SPUN SILK SOCKS, Embroidered.....pair " 4 0
BLACK SILK or SATIN BOWS, Fasten back or Front ..... " 1 4
RICH SILK, HEMSTITCHED Handkerchiefs, Plain, or Spot Borders .....3 for " 5 8
BLACK, BALBRIGGAN SOCKS, Embroidered Silk Fronts .....per pair " 2 4
18 Ct. GOLD ON IVORY FRONT STUDS .....Set of 3 " 2 12

PACKING FREE. } CASH OR V. P. P. { PACKING FREE.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY.

NEWSPAPERS FROM ENGLAND.

GREAT REDUCTION IN POSTAGE
FROM JANUARY 1st.

NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES supplied by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO. with the utmost regularity on a system perfected by SEVENTY YEARS' Experience.

The WRAPPERS in which they are despatched are SPECIALLY PREPARED for the purpose, of very TOUGH, DURABLE PAPER, and the ADDRESSES on Newspapers PRINTED, so as to Ensure their Safe Delivery.

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT allowed on all Subscriptions paid in Advance.

For Price Lists and further Information apply to—
KING, KING & Co., BOMBAY; KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA;
OR
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

THE ONLY REMEDY for NERVOUS EXHAUSTION,

Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression, is

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.

The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure
ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,

H. & T. KIRBY & Co., Ld.,

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. " is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BOMBAY SKATING RINK.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

OUR POPULAR NIGHT.

LADIES' SESSION ..... 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
CHILDREN'S do. ..... 3 to 5 p.m.
AFTERNOON do. ..... 5 to 7 p.m.
EVENING do. ..... 8-30 to 11 p.m.

Admission Re. 1 with free use of Skates.

ON FRIDAY, 26TH FEBRUARY, 1892.

GRAND BALL STANDING SUPPER.

Gentle... Invitation ..... Rs. 1.
Ladies' do. ..... Rs. 2.
The floor is covered with Canvas prepared with French Chalk.
Tickets issued at the Office of the manage...
Seats early as none will be sold later than the ...

NUGENT AND CO.

...OWN HALL.

...DAY, 10TH MARCH, AT 9 P.M.,
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE AND IN THE KIND PRESENCE OF
THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD AND LADY HARRIS.
EVENING CONCERT OF GUJARATI MUSIC,
IN AID OF
MR. ACWORTH'S HOM...

...RAJI.
...Warrior
..."Bahar". Carnal or Ode to Spring.
MISS K. N. KABRAJI.
5. The Laughing Chorus, "Kafee". The Amazons of Persia.
Soloists, MISS MULLA FIROZE & MASTER JAL KABRAJI.

INTERVAL.

PART II.—INDIAN MUSIC WITH ENGLISH ACCOMPANIMENTS AND EUROPEAN HARMONY.
6. Instrumental Operale "Anjoti". Schmuck.
Piano (4 hands), Violins, Violincello, and Flute.
THE KHARAS FAMILY.
7. Part Song with Organ Accompaniment....Dove
"Kalitan" "Bright Shines the Beauteous Occasion."
Vocalists, Mr. VIRJI, Mr. and the Misses KABRAJI
Organ, Mr. DOVE
8. Chorus.....Garbi" with Circular Steps.
THE CHOIR OF LADIES.
9. Soprano Solo.." Khamach"..... Dadra,
MISS SHERIN MULLA FIROZE.
10. Solos and Choruses.—A Musical Scene from "Lava Kush."
Soloists, Mr. and the Misses KABRAJI.

INTERVAL.

PART III.—EUROPEAN MELODIES IN GUJARATI WORDS.
WITH HARMONIES AS IN THE ORIGINAL.
1. Overture ..... "The Poet and Peasant" ..... Suppe.
Piano (4 hands), Violins, Violincello, and Flute.
THE KHARAS FAMILY.
2. Chorus of Girls. From "The Pirates of Penzance." Sullivan.
THE MISSES KABRAJI.
3. Solo .... "Death of Nelson"..... Braham.
DR. R. TATA.
4. ..... From "The Ancient Mariner" ... Barnett.
MISS SHEREBANOO and TEHMINA KABRAJI.
5. Soprano Solo .... Song Waltz—"Il Bacio" ..... Arditi.
MISS GULSANOO KABRAJI.
6. To conclude with the National Anthem in Gujarati as a Part Song with Organ Accompaniment.
Soprano, MISS. SERVAI.
Alto, MISS KABRAJI.
Tenor, MR. KATRAK.
Organ, MR. DOVE.

Tickets reserved at SOUNDY & Co. at Rs. 3 each.

...LIS' CIRCUS MENAGERIE.

...ME AND WILD WEST.

...MAMMOTH COMPANY will ... from Calcutta, per R.M.S. ... Sindhana," on ... 11, and give the OPENING PERFOR... ...ont February 25, on the Maidan, opposite ..., and of which due notice will be given ... PHILLIS has great pleasure in assuring ...mbay (who supported him so generously) ...ired that he has considerably augmented ... during the last six months. In addition ...that played last season there are the follow... from Europe, viz. The Chaslon Troupe ... in number; 3 Ladies and 1 Gentleman. The Becemont family; 2 Ladies and 1 Gentleman.

Mlle. Cecilia Equestrienne.
Mlle. Schemyrade. The Lion Queen.
Mr. F. Stelling. The celebrated Jockey act rider.
Senor Ramon Sebastian Somersault act rider.
Mr. J. Humphrey, Lion Performer and Elephant Trainer.

These artistes, and other are exclusive of the Company ... last year also ... Rough riders Africans and North ... Indians who will take part in the grand portrayal ... life on the Western Prairies of America, headed by ... Jack the Champion Cow Boy of the Western States.

...Wild West is a production of the same descrip... which Buffalo Bill made such an enormous ...don, Paris, Berlin and Vienna quite recently.

...the advert of the Circus on or about ... All communications to be addressed :—

W. LUNARDI,
Business Manager, Esplanade Hotel.

NOW READY.

...OMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

...AY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY, ... despatch by each Overland Mail for ... ...ia, in addition to all the news of the ...ly-written Market and Freight Report, ...ted Summary of Events.

...subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
...copy .....As. 4.
..."Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

...FLUENZA EPIDEMIC!

SQUIBB'S SPECIFIC

Instant relief is guaranteed SPECIFIC
in Ague, Chill, Influenza, SPECIFIC
Malarious, Bilious Remittent, SPECIFIC
Intermittent and all other Epidemic SPECIFIC
Fevers. SPECIFIC
Cold, Catarrh, and Headache. SPECIFIC
Keep a bottle of it by you at home SPECIFIC
or travelling. SPECIFIC
Positively eradicates and Neutralises SPECIFIC
Poison from the system, quick, SPECIFIC
sure, and complete. SPECIFIC
SPECIFIC
"It made me a different man." SPECIFIC
It has been recommended in the SPECIFIC
Regiment." SPECIFIC
"A wonderful Remedy." SPECIFIC
"Its effects are magic." SPECIFIC
Pills or fluid, Re. 1-0. SPECIFIC

MADON, SONS & CO.,
...MMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

THE OFFICE of the SECRETARY, ... RACES, has been REMOVED to No 32, MOUNT ROAD, opposite Madeen's Gardens, where all ... in future should be addressed.

By Order,
W. T. HAMILTON HOLMES,
Secretary, Madras Races.

NOTICE.

ST. JOSEPH'S SEMINARY, NAINI TAL,

UNDER the Patronage of His Lordship ... PESCI, C.C., Bishop of Allahabad, RE... the 1st of March, 1892. An efficient Staff of Teachers have been engaged.
Boys are prepared for the Final Standard Examination, For further particulars apply to the
VERY REV. FR. FRANCIS, O.C., Principal.

FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL,

The Unique Health and Liver Drops,
The great cure for diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Bowels, and Skin.
Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.
Notes on Madonal supplied free.

MADON, SONS & CO.,
...MMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BUT WHY SUFFER WITH COUGH AND COLD?

USE
ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.
The never-failing Specific for
PULMONARY
COUGH, COLD, ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
WHOOPING COUGH, SORE THROAT,
and settled
CONSUMPTION.
It is a powerful
VOICE TONIC,
clears the throat of
HOARSENESS,
and strengthens the
VOCAL ORGAN.
Reduced Prices, Annas 8 and Re. 1-0.

F. S. MADON & Co.,
NEAR ZOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

A SERIES OF FANCY *FETES*
WILL BE HELD
ON FRIDAY 4TH, MONDAY the 7TH, and TUESDAY the 8TH of MARCH,
AT MALABAR POINT,
WHICH HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AND LADY HARRIS

Have placed at the disposal of a Committee formed for the purpose of raising funds for the following Charities :—

1. The NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION for providing Fema'e Medical Aid to the Women of India (Bombay Branch.)
2. The ENDOWMENT FUND of the CONVALESCENT HOUSE of the European General Hospital.
3. The MOFUSSIL NURSING FUND, Poona.

TICKETS of ADMISSION can be obtained from any Member of the Committee at the following rates :—

	Rs.
For the First Fete (Friday, 4th March) from 4-30 to 6-30 p.m..	3
For the Second Fete (Monday, 7th March) do. do. ..	2
For the Third Fete (Tuesday, 8th March) from 9-0 to 11-0 ..	1
SEASON TICKETS, admitting to all three Fetes	5

N.B.—Special arrangements will be made for PURDHA LADIES who may wish to visit the Grounds on Tuesday afternoon from 4-30 to 6-30 P.M.

THE COMMITTEE :—

Acworth, Mrs.	Jardine, Mrs.
Birdwood, Mrs.	Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Lady
Budgeon, Mrs.	Langley, Mrs.
Bissett, Mrs.	Monod, Mde.
Barnett, Mrs.	Merriman, Mrs.
Bruel, Mrs.	Macbeth, Mrs.
Budrudin Tyabjee, Mrs.	Phipson, Mrs.
Barbhaya, Mrs.	Peroshaw Mehta, Mrs.
Bonzoni, Mrs.	Pottinger, Mrs.
Cowasjee Jehangir, Mrs.	Prevost, Mrs.
Cursetjee Manockjee, Mrs.	Pernet, Mde.
Cursetjee Manockjee, Miss.	Solomon, Mrs.
Duxbury, Miss.	Sassoon, Mrs. E. D.
De Gama, Mrs.	Scaramanga, Mrs.
Dosgne, Mrs.	Telang, Mrs.
Forjett, Mrs.	Uloth, Mrs.
Jehangeer D. Framjee, Mrs.	Wilson, Mrs.
Grattan Geary, Mrs.	Webb, Mrs.
Hogg, Mrs.	Wadia, Mrs.

NOVELTY THEATRE,
BOMBAY.

SOLE LESSEE AND DIRECTOR.....CHARLES CHARRINGTON.
BUSINESS MANAGER .....HERBERT FLEMMING.

FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY,
COMMENCING
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, FEB. 20, at 9 p.m.
ACHURCH-CHARRINGTON SEASON,
Under the sole direction of MR. CHARRINGTON,
First Appearance of the Celebrated English Tragedienne,
JANET ACHURCH
and
CHARLES CHARRINGTON,
Supported by
HERBERT FLEMMING
and
COMPLETE COMPANY,
Who have just terminated the most successful Season on record at the CORINTHIAN THEATRE, Calcutta.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, AT 9 P.M.,
The World Famous Comedy Drama,
"FORGET-ME-NOT,"
JANET ACHURCH AS
STEPHANIE DE MOHRIVART.
Charles Charrington as Sir Horace Welby.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22ND,
Pinson's Popular Comedy in 3 Acts.
"THE MONEY SPINNER"
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23RD,
Dumas' Masterpiece in 5 Acts.
CAMILLE.
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24TH.
Under the Patronage and in the presence of the Professors and Principals of the Bombay University.
SPECIAL CLASSIC PROGRAMME.
Scenes from SHAKESPEARE and SHERIDAN
Undergraduates admitted Half Price to First and Second Seats.

Tickets for this Performance can be obtained by Students from FRAMJEE S. MEHTA, Kaiser-i-Hind Press.

PRICES.—Box Stalls, Rs. 4; Dress Circle, Rs. 3; Pit Stalls, Rs. 2; Pit and Gallery, Re. 1. Soldiers in Uniform Half Price.

Reserved Seats can now be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co. for any Night of the Season.

NOVELTY THEATRE,
BY SPECIAL REQUEST
THE ALFRED DRAMATIC COMPANY
INSTEAD of TO-NIGHT, on TO-MORROW,
SUNDAY, the 21st Inst.
WILL GIVE ONE
GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE OF.

Appropriate Selections from "Kyanee," Gujarati and Cordeo Pieces of "Homlo How," "Alibaba," "Allaoolin," "Tarodoo Zhovak," and "Asajee" which will be followed by the extremely laughable farcical comedy,
"NAJAH SHREEN,"
In two acts, by Mr. Nanabhoy R. Ranina.
SHREEN.....The English Actress in Parsee Garb.
Commences at 4 P.M, and ends 7 P.M.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 1 p.m., (local time), by the Commissariat Storekeeper-General for the SUPPLY of SUGAR required for out-stations as per Schedule No. 96 S. Forms of Tenders with further particulars can be obtained from the above Officer.

W. T. VINCENT, Lieut,
for Commissariat Storekeeper-General.
Comt. Storekeeper-Genl.'s Office, Bombay, Feb. 18, 1892.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Upcountry commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge, under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

CLARKE'S
UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for Doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE
FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. I will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent decorations or any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.
SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, CHEMIST,
SOLE AGENT,
87, Bechoo Chatterjee's Street, Calcutta.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.
COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent Drug. May be taken by the most Delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Of all Chemists, in small Tins.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in tins, and pound tins, labelled thus :

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KINDRED DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 289, High Holborn, LONDON.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, Rs. 48; for one year, 25; for 6 months, 13; for 3 months, Re. 5 per month in advance, postage extra.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£ 250,000
RESERVE FUND .....£ 223,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL £1,750,000

HEAD OFFICE :
31, LOMBARD ST., LONDON, E.C.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED :
ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.....2½ Per Cent. Per Annum on the Minimum Weekly Balances."
ON FIXED DEPOSITS—
12 Months.....4½ per cent. per Annum.
6 Months.....4 " "
3 Months.....3 " "
For shorter periods, terms on application.

T. PAYN,
Agent.

OFFICES—Old Secretariat, Apollo Street.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
ESTABLISHED 1857.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000
RESERVE FUNDS £125,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS £750,000

BANKERS :

LONDON.....	The Bank of England. The London Joint Stock Bank.
SCOTLAND	Bank of Scotland. Royal Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND	National Bank of Scotland. National Bank.
AMSTERDAM ..	Hope & Co. The Amsterdamsche Bank.
ROTTERDAM.....	Wertheim & Gompertz. The Rotterdamsche Bank.
PARIS	André Neuflize & Co.

BRANCHES :

Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Kandy, Rangoon, Penang, Singapore, Malacca, Batavia, Hongkong and Shanghai.

CORRESPONDENTS :

At Aden.....	Messrs.	LUKE, THOMAS & Co.
" Amoy	"	BOND & Co.
" Bangkok	"	WINDSOR, WINDSOR & Co.
" Cairo	"	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
" Cheribon	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Durban	"	NATAL BANK.
" Do.	"	STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA.
" Foochow	"	MAITLAND & Co.
" Hankow	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Kobe	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Lyons	"	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
" Macassar	"	REES & Co.
" Manilla	"	SMITH, BELL & Co.
" Mauritius	"	BLYTH BROS. & Co.
" Medan (Sumatra)	"	BROWN & Co.
" Nagasaki.....	"	THE CHINA & JAPAN TRADING Co., Ld.
" Negapatam...	"	BANK OF MADRAS.
" Padang	"	HAACKE & Co.
" Pacalongan ...	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Saigon	"	BANQUE D'INDO-CHINE.
" Samarang	"	MACNEILL & Co.
" Sourabaya.....	"	FRASER, EATON & Co.
" Tagal	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Tientsin	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Yokohama...	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
In Australia ...		The Bank of New South Wales. The Union Bank of Australia, Limited. The Bank of Victoria. The Bank of Australasia. The National Bank of Australasia.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. When the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no Interest is allowed.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS

At rates to be learnt on application.

Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted on Terms to be ascertained on Application to

J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to 12, 6, or 3 months notice, at rates to be learnt on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.
Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible. Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.

HEAD OFFICE :
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES :
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE :

ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London ... and County Banking Co., Limited)

THOMAS JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.
Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie square, South, Calcutta.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION.

SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes, and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'s.

It is a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'s

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

MESSRS. MARCKS & COMPANY,

WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;

DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;

DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,

No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,

BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

"BAHADUR" CIGARS!!!

THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. Shipped to all climes from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different Shapes and Sizes, so as to meet all Tastes and Requirements.

TRY, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY

"BAHADUR"
CIGARS.

SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSAS	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS.....	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

McDOWELL AND CO.,

MADRAS.

☞ *N. B.*—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal Supervision.

MANUFACTURERS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

The Highest Awards given for Biscuits to any English House have been made to HUNTLEY AND PALMERS "for Excellence of Quality" at all the leading International Exhibitions.

HUNTLEY AND PALMERS,

BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,

READING AND LONDON.

DO YOU EVER

BUY WATCHES OR JEWELLERY?

If so, send a postcard and we will forward, *gratis and post free*, our elaborately illustrated Catalogue containing

ONE THOUSAND BEAUTIFUL ENGRAVINGS

Of Watches and Jewellery of very latest designs. Birmingham supplies the World with Jewellery, and you will be astonished at the difference between Indian and Birmingham prices. Send for the Catalogue at once, so as to have it at hand when you or your friends want to buy Jewellery. Orders for a single article will receive equal attention with large orders.

We guarantee safe delivery of any parcels, small or large, all being insured through to our customers. Orders for India are executed by return mail (except such as have to be made to special instructions); the delay is thus minimised, and it is worth waiting to secure latest styles and saving 50 per cent.

We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send Bankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.

We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.

J. C. LANGDON & DAVIES & CO.,
Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,
BELGRAVE HOUSE, BRISTOL STREET, BIRMINGHAM.

FIELD'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA

(EFFERVESCENT),

AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',

AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS

MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM

C. W. FIELD,

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,

CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

AGENTS WANTED IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BLAKE'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp and Consular Label with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bottles without this Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

...ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., ... HOLBORN, LONDON.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS :—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE :—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 ins.
Height, including stopper, 11 ins.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,

HEAD OFFICE :—MADRAS.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

INVALID PORT.

RICH in Flavour, Excellent in Body, and Nourishing in Quality. A fine wholesome Family Wine, and one well-adapted for use when Wine is medically prescribed as a Tonic to the Invalid and a Beverage to the Convalescent.—Selected from Special Vintages.

Quarts, Rs. 33 per doz.; Pints, Rs. 18 per doz.

BOLTON & COMPANY.

CHAMPAGNE.

RUINART PERE et FILS, Green Sea Ernest Irroy and Co's Carte d'or.

Quarts, Rs. 55 per doz.
Pints, Rs. 28 " "

EWART LATHAM AND CO.,
AGENTS, BOMBAY.

ROSS AND CAMERON'S NATURAL HIGHLAND WHISKIES shipped in three qualities. The produce under the old natural system of distillation of finest selected Home-grown Barley and distilled within the Highlands of Scotland. Highlanders resident abroad should note.

Prices :—"Lochgorm" Rs. 28. "H.B." (Highlander label) Rs. 31, "C. E. B." Rs. 34.

Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and large Buyers.
AGENTS.—R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., FORT, BOMBAY

WINES! WINES!!

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS for the following BRANDS :—

WHISKIES.
GONNE, CROFT & Co.'s
ROBINSON'S SPECIAL BLEND.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s
CHAMPAGNE.
JULES MUMM, JULES MUMM.
PORT.
CROFT'S VERY OLD TAWNY.
SHERRIES.
STANLEY AND GRIMM.
CLARETS.
MEDOC ST. JULIEN.
BRANDIES.
THINE & Co.'s.
JEAN

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	25,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 367½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,000xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	390
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Chas. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	453—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	175
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	12⅝
Silver Shares	..	..	..	..	90

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100x i
Albert Glinning Co	100	500	all	15 pr.cr.	
Albert (Kurrechee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	450
Apollo	750	2,400	2,400	Nil.	810
Bellary	187	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	205
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	10	375
Bose's Cawnpore Press Co Ld	500	200	200	16	115
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	345
East India	250	1,000	1,000	130	1,135
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	..	Rs. 20	177½
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	100	975
French	300	500	all	50	520
Harvey and Sahanshy	450	500	500	50	450xd
Hotgoll Press Co Ld	750	400	all	32½	137½
Khangaum	240	450	450	63	46½
Mahmudpur Gotooch	1	..	..	..	..
P. Co., Ld	1300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Mofussil Co	4,125	400	400	Rs. 40	427½
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	267½
New Bombay	1,300	500	500	..	555
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	108½
Prince of Wales	800	500	500	20	370
Sahapukhriji Bolisary	600	500	75	20	500
Sassoon	2500	500	500	23	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
Sind	400	1,000	750	35	445
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	75	210
Volkart	..	1,000	100	Rs. 100	300

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	250
	500	50	150	7½	195
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	60
Badhan Pilo	5,000	100	100	13	130
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100xo n
Bombay Fire Insurance	1800	2,500	1,000	7o	925
Bombay Native Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	2,700x
Do. New Issue	600	375	62½	67½	950
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	26	83
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	350
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Gas Co., Ld.	600	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Ins.	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	11
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	101
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	300
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	500	30	100
Mahomedbhoy Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40
Marcks & Co.	600	100	100	Rs. 10	102
Napierifotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	51xd
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	100	..	60
National Gov. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	181
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	19
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	77
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	470
Prince of Wales Ferry	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	20
Sconce Co	1,000	100	100	.. 9	80
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	50
Do.	Pref. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	12,000	50	all	35	900
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	102
Telephone Co.	10,200	2	..	5-8	184

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	475
Anglo-Indian	2,345	100	100	5	78
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Belgaum)	900	1,000	1,000	80	1,000
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	440 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	500
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,030
Connaught Mills	600	500	50	10 pr.ct.	630xd.
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	630
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	460
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,098	100	100	50	430
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	440
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	840
Empress	2,102	500	500	10 pr.ct.	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	515
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	760
Hinganghat	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough's	1,500	500	500	25	500
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	910
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Rs. 17-8	360
Indian Manfg.	2,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,020
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	635
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	220
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	735
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	650
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Khatao Manjee Petit	11,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Lowjee	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	178
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	955
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,125
Mahalukmee	1800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	430
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulbarga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	14,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1420
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	8	115
Morarji Gokuldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,750
Maharaja Hyderabad S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa-
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	705
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	630
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,200
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	645
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,125
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,450
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	..	1,025
Soondercabo	750	1,000	1,000	35	500
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100nom
Southern Mahratta	1,213	250	250	12½	200
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	250	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	425
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	480
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	1900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	500	1,000	1,000	25	370xd
Western India	1,320	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	720
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 15
Carolas	„ 225
Mexican Dollars	„ 222
Five Franc Pieces	„ 220
Bar Silver	„ 106-12
Gold Leaf	„ 2-4
Bar Gold, English	„ 23-15
Bar Australian	„ 23 12
Bar Bombay	„ 23-10
Bar Pekin	„ 23-4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	104½
Four-and-a-half per cent	103½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	111
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	92½
Port Trust Bonds	102½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 3d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 3 37-32d.
Do. do.	4 Months' sights		1s. 3 15-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do...	1s. 3 31-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do.	do...	1s. 4 1-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do...	1s. 4 3-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 4 7-32d.
France	3 Do.	do...	1'09
Do.	6 Do.	do...	1'09½
Calcutta	At sight		100 1-32
Do.	30 days	do...	99 nom
Madras	At sight		100 1-16
Do.	30 days	do...	99½ nom
China	30 days	do...	221½

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, FEB. 19.

The barometer has risen in Jacobabad, Sirsa, and Bikaner, and fallen in all other stations. The fall is brisk in the north of the Punjab, North-West and Central Provinces and Bengal. The depression recently noticed is moving slowly eastward down the Gangetic plain, the centre being near Lucknow. Winds blow moderately over the Western Desert, northerly to north-easterly over the west of the Peninsula, and northerly to north-westerly over the Bay, elsewhere it is variable and force is fresh in some stations on the west coast and around the Bay. The mean temperature is high for the season. Except in Burma, Bengal, and Madras, excess is greatest in north-west India. Light showers are reported to have fallen at Lahore, Sialkote, Rawalpindi, Simla, and Quetta. A fresh depression is approaching north-west India, but its intensity is unknown.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gymkhana Steeple Chases and Closed Races.
New East India Press Company, 4 p.m.
The Achurch Company, at the Novelty Theatre, "Forget-me-not," 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Arab (s), from Marseilles; Hajeen (s), and White Jacket (s), Cardiff; H. M. S. Redbreast, Karachi; Landaura (s), and Goalpara (s), Calcutta; and Clio (s), Grimsby.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Henry Balckow (s), for Persian Gulf; Edenbridge (s), Marseilles; and Imaum (s), Liverpool.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Arab entered, and the s.s. Imaum left the dock yesterday.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Avoca and Drachenfels entered, and the s. s. Hoseinee and Edenbridge left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore and Hong Kong direct, per extra s.s. Gwalior, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 3 p. m., on Monday, the 22nd instant.

CATHOLIC LIBRARY AND READING ROOM, CAVEL STREET.—The annual general meeting of subscribers will take place to-morrow, at 11 a.m., in the Library Hall, at Cavel.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURES.—Mr. Bentram Keightley, M. A., will deliver addresses on Theosophical matters, at the hall of the Theosophical Society, Church Gate Street, to-day and to-morrow, at 5-30 p.m.

THE BOMBAY CYCLING CLUB leaves the Parsee Statue, Byculla, *en route* for Vehar Lake to-morrow morning, at 6 o'clock. This afternoon the members again meet at the Bandstand, at 4-30, and Parsee Statue at 5.

STUDENTS' SOCIAL PURITY LEAGUE.—A general meeting of the League will be held at the hall of the Shivaji High School, at 3 p. m. to-morrow (Sunday), the 21st, when Dr. G. B. Prabhakar will deliver a lecture in English. Subject: "Myopia or Shortsight; its Causes, and Treatment."

REPORTED BURGLARY.—Bhimjee Jivan, a shop-keeper, at Carnac Road, has made a report to the police, that during the night of Wednesday, the 17th instant, his shop was entered through a sky-light on the roof and several bundles, containing silk and also silk cloth, collectively valued at Rs. 805, were stolen from a cupboard which had been forced open.

ILLICIT POSSESSION OF OPIUM.—Aga Abba Mirza Aga Bauker was yesterday placed before Mr. C. W. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court, by Mr. Rustom Pestonji, Chief Inspector, Opium Department, and fined Rs. 25 for having in his possession 14½ tolas of opium, without a licence. The prisoner admitted his offence, but said he had been advised to use it by a Hyderabadi *hakim*.

STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE OF A WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN.—Mr. John Menes, a guard in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway, living at Jacob's Circle, reported to the police on Thursday, that his wife left home with her two children eight days ago, and had not since returned. Mr. Menes searched for her at every place, where she was likely to have gone, but could not find any trace of her. Mr. Menes is unable to assign any reason for the disappearance of his wife.

MUSIC AT THE SKATING RINK.—The following programme of music will be played at the Skating Rink, this evening:—

March	Distant Greeting	Rose.
Valse	Six and Seven	P. Bucalossi.
Polka	Love Letter	D'Albert.
Valse	Silver Star	B. J. Lema.
Schottische	Girl with the flowing hair	J. H. Kay.
Valse	Geister	A. Hooker.
Mazurka	Sea Breeze	Wright.
Valse	Geister	A. Hooker.
Polka	Louisa	Allen.
Galop	Outward Bound	Bulcl.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PETITION FOR MERCY FOR A MURDERER.—Mr. Babu Ramchunder, pleader, has addressed a petition to H. E. the Governor-in-Council, on behalf of the mother and wife of Bhawoo Mahadoo, upon whom capital sentence was passed by Mr. Justice Parsons, at the last Criminal Sessions, for having murdered Ganu Shivan, by cutting his throat with a razor, on the 10th of December last, praying for a commutation of the capital sentence. The petition was forwarded on Friday last, but as yet no reply has been received from H. E. the Governor-in-Council.

SIX MONTHS FOR STEALING A BLANKET.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Koondya Rama, a reputed thief, was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of a blanket, valued at Rs. 2, belonging to Krishna Bheewa, living at Gorrupdoo Road. On Thursday last, the complainant's son, on seeing the accused making away with a blanket, which was hung on a nail, in the verandah of his house to dry, cried out, "thief," "thief." A purdesi, who then happened to be passing, arrested the accused, who was subsequently made over to the police. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to undergo six months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

[illegible] yesterday, Shaik Ahmed Shaik Ally *alias* Sardhara Ibrahim was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of silver ornaments and currency notes, valued altogether at Rs. 104, from the house of a Mogul, named Aga Mirza Ally Akbar, living at Byculla. Early yesterday morning, before dawn, the accused entered the complainant's house and stole the articles in question from a box, but as he was leaving the premises the complainant awoke on hearing some noise, and arrested the accused, and made him over to the police. There being several previous convictions against the accused, the Magistrate sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment, in addition to paying a fine of Rs. 100, or in default to undergo further rigorous imprisonment for six months.

A BENEFIT TO "PORTIA" AND "NERISSA."—Miss Kate Douglas and Miss Frances Ross who have assisted the A. D. C. so materially in the performance of the *Merchant of Venice*, as *Portia* and *Nerissa*, have been tendered a complimentary benefit by the Club in recognition of their services. The performance which will include the *Merchant of Venice*, and a farce to be prepared by the Club, will take place on March 1. Miss Douglas is a well-known and highly accomplished actress, who has deservedly earned for herself an enviable reputation on the Indian stage, and we feel sure that in her case, and also in the case of Miss Ross, who has made so charming a *Nerissa*, the action of the Club in tendering them a benefit will be very popular. The benefit will be a genuine one for everyone concerned has freely tendered service gratuitously. The seats are on sale at Macropolo's, and we understand the ladies intend to "storm the fort" in their own behalf.

OBSCENE ADVERTISING.—Through the vigilance of Inspector Morar Rao of the Detective Police, Mirza Ally bin Mirza Inayat Ally, a native of Benares, was arrested in Bombay, for endeavouring to publish in Urdu the merits of a medical prescription by advertising it in obscene terms. The offender was placed before Mr. C. P. Cooper yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, and charged with publishing obscene advertisements. Mr. Little, the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown. Mr. Sealy appeared for the accused, who pleaded his ignorance of the law, but said his object was to benefit suffering humanity, and not to distribute anything objectionable. After a brief conference with Mr. Little, the Magistrate declared his intention of warning and discharging the visitor on his undertaking to deliver up the remaining copies in his possession and not distribute any such notices in future. Mr. Sealy contended his client was innocent, having no guilty intention, and was ready to pay the fees of the Oriental Translator to Government. As to the remaining advertisements his client would produce them, and the prosecution were welcome to them. Mr. Little urged that the objects of the prosecution would be accomplished by the infliction of a fine. Ignorance was no excuse in law. The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 5, and accepted the undertaking not to publish similar advertisements in future. The prints produced were confiscated and destroyed.

AN UNGRATEFUL ORPHAN.—An instance of how kindness and compassion for suffering humanity was repaid with ingratitude came before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Courts, yesterday. Abdul Wahab, a Somali lad, aged 15 years, who had been picked up at Aden, by Sir Hugh Falkner, a missionary, seven years ago as an orphan, was placed under the care of a certain Mr. Thurston, residing under canvas, at Wellington Lines, in Bombay. The orphan's kind guardian exercised great attention and sympathy towards him, and had him sent to a Maharathi School. But after a period of two years of scholastic life his inclination towards pilfering ruined his prospects. After a sudden disappearance and an absence of five years he returned to his old master's home in Bombay only to vanish again in a mysterious manner with some of Mr. Thurston's wearing apparel. He returned towards the end of January and made a flying visit to the tent, and the following morning Mr. Thurston's gold watch was nowhere to be found. Suspicion, however, did not rest strongly upon him; but when several suits of clothes and an accordeon vanished shortly after, his movements were watched, and he was arrested on the 18th instant. Property to the value of Rs. 130 had been artfully carried away by him, and was recovered by the police. Abdul was charged with the thefts and admitted his crime. The Magistrate convicted him, and sentenced him to a term of four years in the Sassoon Reformatory.

THE ACHURCH-CHARRINGTON COMPANY.

As was mentioned in yesterday's issue Miss Janet Achurch and Company commence a six-nights' engagement, at the Novelty Theatre, this evening. Miss Achurch appears as Stephanie de Mohrivals in "Forget-me-not," the plot of which most interesting play we have already given. A competent orchestra has been engaged for the season.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 18th February, 1892.

Means of observations at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·976
Temperature of the Air	79·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71·3
Dew Point	67·7
Relative humidity of Air	0·683
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·8
Maximum temperature of air read (at 8 a.m. next day)	83·8
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	71·9
General Directions of Wind	E.NE., NW., NNW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours	275

From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

MISDIRECTION TO A JURY.

IMPERATRIX VS. DYARAM BHASKER PATWARDHAN.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. C. E. G. Crawford, Sessions Judge of Thana, who, on the 8th December last, convicted the accused of housebreaking by night under Section 456; and, considering his previous convictions, sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

The Sessions Judge, in charging the jury, referred to the evidence of the complainant who said that a man broke into his house by a hole in the roof. He did not see who he was, but he hit him with a stick on the legs. The police seemed to have suspected the accused, went for him, and found him up. It was said that there were scratches on him and straws such as he would have got by getting through the hole, and also marks of the blows on the legs. If the accused was the man who broke into the house, the jury, said the Sessions Judge, would have no difficulty in presuming that he did so with such a dishonest purpose as would make the act an offence. The accused denied that he was the man and explained away the other facts against him. It was for the jury to decide upon the character of the defence.

The accused, in his petition of appeal, said the complainant did not give any direct evidence against him. What the complainant stated was this, that he, having with a stick struck seven or eight blows on a leg of the thief who had entered his house, he expected to find a leg of that person to be swollen. What the "Panch" stated was that such a cused's leg was swollen, and that it appeared to bear the marks produced by blows given with a stick. On the other hand, the statement of the doctor was that, although the leg appeared to be inflamed, he could not say how the swelling had been caused. From his birth up to now, the accused said, he had a swollen leg, the swelling not having been caused by blows. Sentence had been unjustly passed upon him consequent upon the evidence given by the police. Before he attained the age of discretion, and whilst he was attending a school, he did on former occasions commit offences in the company of other people. Solely from that circumstance the police suspected him, and having got up a case against him, took him into custody. Since the commission of the former offences, he had maintained himself by opening a school in another village.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in disposing of the appeal, said: We are of opinion that the prisoner has been convicted on evidence which amounts to no more than suspicion. The charge to the jury was too short; it ought to have been pointed out that the scratches might be imputed to it, and that the medical testimony was that there were no marks of blows with a stick, whereas, according to the case for the prosecution, the fact of such blows having been given to the criminal was to be used to identify the prisoner as the criminal. We are further of opinion that, under Section 289 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, it was the duty of the Judge to direct the jury to find a verdict of acquittal. (See Queen vs. Greedharee Manjee, 7 Cal. W. R., 30., Cr. R.; and Queen vs. Rutton Dass and Doorga Dass, 16 ditto., 19.) The distinction we take is that, on the evidence for the prosecution, the jury were in a position not to judge, but only to conjecture. (Avery vs. Bowden, 6 E. and B. 973, cited in M'Mahon vs. Lennard and others, 6 House of Lords Cases, 993.) On the ground of misdirection we, accordingly, reverse the conviction and sentence, and direct that the accused be set at liberty.

AN APPLICATION TO STAY CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.

IMPERATRIX VS. SHRI VISHVAMBHAR PANDIT *alias* NANA MAHARAJ.

THIS was an application for revision of an order passed by Mr. Chunilal Manekial, First-class Subordinate Judge of Poona, giving sanction to prosecute the petitioner and five of his witnesses for forgery and perjury. Mr. Branson, with Mr. Ganput Sadashiv Rao, appeared for the petitioner; and Mr. M. C. Apte for the opponent.

It appears that Shri Vasudeo Pundit alias Baba Maharaj, filed a suit against the petitioner in the Court of the First-class Subordinate Judge of Poona to have it declared that he was the adopted son of the late Tatia Maharaj, and as such entitled to succeed to the deceased's estate. The plaintiff's adoption was said to have taken place a day before the adoptive father's death; and the petitioner disputed both the factum and the validity of the adoption. The Subordinate Judge, who tried the case dismissed the suit, he was the man and explained away the other facts against him. It was for the jury to decide upon the character of the defence.

The accused, in his petition of appeal, said the complainant did not give any direct evidence against him. What the complainant stated was this, that he, having with a stick struck seven or eight blows on a leg of the thief who had entered his house, he expected to find a leg of that person to be swollen. What the "Panch" stated was that such a cused's leg was swollen, and that it appeared to bear the marks produced by blows given with a stick. On the other hand, the statement of the doctor was that, although the leg appeared to be inflamed, he could not say how the swelling had been caused. From his birth up to now, the accused said, he had a swollen leg, the swelling not having been caused by blows. Sentence had been unjustly passed upon him consequent upon the evidence given by the police. Before he attained the age of discretion, and whilst he was attending a school, he did on former occasions commit offences in the company of other people. Solely from that circumstance the police suspected him, and having got up a case against him, took him into custody. Since the commission of the former offences, he had maintained himself by opening a school in another village.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in disposing of the appeal, said: We are of opinion that the prisoner has been convicted on evidence which amounts to no more than suspicion. The charge to the jury was too short; it ought to have been pointed out that the scratches might be imputed to it, and that the medical testimony was that there were no marks of blows with a stick, whereas, according to the case for the prosecution, the fact of such blows having been given to the criminal was to be used to identify the prisoner as the criminal. We are further of opinion that, under Section 289 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, it was the duty of the Judge to direct the jury to find a verdict of acquittal. (See Queen vs. Greedharee Manjee, 7 Cal. W. R., 30., Cr. R.; and Queen vs. Rutton Dass and Doorga Dass, 16 ditto., 19.) The distinction we take is that, on the evidence for the prosecution, the jury were in a position not to judge, but only to conjecture. (Avery vs. Bowden, 6 E. and B. 973, cited in M'Mahon vs. Lennard and others, 6 House of Lords Cases, 993.) On the ground of misdirection we, accordingly, reverse the conviction and sentence, and direct that the accused be set at liberty.

AN APPLICATION TO STAY CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS.

IMPERATRIX VS. SHRI VISHVAMBHAR PANDIT *alias* NANA MAHARAJ.

THIS was an application for revision of an order passed by Mr. Chunilal Manekial, First-class Subordinate Judge of Poona, giving sanction to prosecute the petitioner and five of his witnesses for forgery and perjury. Mr. Branson, with Mr. Ganput Sadashiv Rao, appeared for the petitioner; and Mr. M. C. Apte for the opponent.

It appears that Shri Vasudeo Pundit alias Baba Maharaj, filed a suit against the petitioner in the Court of the First-class Subordinate Judge of Poona to have it declared that he was the adopted son of the late Tatia Maharaj, and as such entitled to succeed to the deceased's estate. The plaintiff's adoption was said to have taken place a day before the adoptive father's death; and the petitioner disputed both the factum and the validity of the adoption. The Subordinate Judge, who tried the case dismissed the suit, he was the man and explained away the other facts against him. It was for the jury to decide upon the character of the defence.

The accused, in his petition of appeal, said the complainant did not give any direct evidence against him. What the complainant stated was this, that he, having with a stick struck seven or eight blows on a leg of the thief who had entered his house, he expected to find a leg of that person to be swollen. What the "Panch" stated was that such a cused's leg was swollen, and that it appeared to bear the marks produced by blows given with a stick. On the other hand, the statement of the doctor was that, although the leg appeared to be inflamed, he could not say how the swelling had been caused. From his birth up to now, the accused said, he had a swollen leg, the swelling not having been caused by blows. Sentence had been unjustly passed upon him consequent upon the evidence given by the police. Before he attained the age of discretion, and whilst he was attending a school, he did on former occasions commit offences in the company of other people. Solely from that circumstance the police suspected him, and having got up a case against him, took him into custody. Since the commission of the former offences, he had maintained himself by opening a school in another village.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in disposing of the appeal, said: We are of opinion that the prisoner has been convicted on evidence which amounts to no more than suspicion. The charge to the jury was too short; it ought to have been pointed out that the scratches might be imputed to it, and that the medical testimony was that there were no marks of blows with a stick, whereas, according to the case for the prosecution, the fact of such blows having been given to the criminal was to be used to identify the prisoner as the criminal. We are further of opinion that, under Section 289 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, it was the duty of the Judge to direct the jury to find a verdict of acquittal. (See Queen vs. Greedharee Manjee, 7 Cal. W. R., 30., Cr. R.; and Queen vs. Rutton Dass and Doorga Dass, 16 ditto., 19.) The distinction we take is that, on the evidence for the prosecution, the jury were in a position not to judge, but only to conjecture. (Avery vs. Bowden, 6 E. and B. 973, cited in M'Mahon vs. Lennard and others, 6 House of Lords Cases, 993.) On the ground of misdirection we, accordingly, reverse the conviction and sentence, and direct that the accused be set at liberty.

BOMBAY SWIMMING CLUB.

THE Hughes Cup race was won yesterday by Mr. G. W. Claridge (21 secs start) in 1 m 6 3-5 secs. The following programme has been drawn up for the fourth entertainment to be given on the 26th March:—

1 "Lord Reay Cup."—4 Lengths scratch—1st Prize Gold Medal, 2nd Prize Silver Medal, 3rd Prize Bronze Medal.

2 "Bunder Cup."—2 Lengths handicap open to all Members who at the time of competing cannot swim the distance under one minute, two Prizes. (Preliminary heats on 10th March.)

3 "Cumberland Cup" Diving competition. 1 Prize.

4 "Blindfold Race."—1 Length. The competitors on entering the water to keep turning round until the starter gives them the word to go. 1 Prize.

5 "Open Scratch Race."—3 Lengths. 2 Prizes presented by Back Bay Baths Co. Entrance free to non-members of the Club.

6 "Acworth Cup."—2 Lengths handicap in clothes. Two Prizes. (Preliminary heats on 25th February.)

7 "Lord Harris Cup."—2 Lengths Handicap.—1st Prize Gold Medal. 2nd Prize Silver Medal. 3rd Prize Bronze Medal. Medals presented by Major Roughton—(Preliminary heats on 24th March.)

8 "Aquatic Derby."—1 Length. Competitors to ride over the course on barrels. 1 Prize.

Competitors intending to enter for any of the above events should send their names to the Honorary Secretary five days before the date fixed for the preliminary heats to take place.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 20.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)
For Investigation of Pauperism.

103-91—In person—Annaya Virappa vs Kondibai Bhowan Mandar and an ther.

99-91—In person—Keekabhoy Mahomedally vs. Hayatboo and others—J C C ma.

103-91—In person—Bijoobai alias Chandrabhagabai vs Pancarinath Janardhan.

1-92—In person—Ramkisandas Nandra vs Nemchand Keshricand and another.

2-92—In person—Sonabai vs Ganpatrao Madhaorao and another.

3-92—In person—Shewhuruk Ramsaroop vs Hurlovdas Chindrun—Janardhan and A.

4-92—Balkrishna V N K—Wishwanath Wasudev and others vs Atmaram Narayen and others—Wadia and G.

5-92—Balkrishna V N K—Wiswanath Wasudevand others vs Atmaram Narayen and others—Wadia and G.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Defended New Long Causes.

555-91—Payne, G and S—Manockbai vs Ardesir Cursetjee Bennett and others—Conroy and R. P. G and S.

636-91—Ardesir H and D—F L Latham vs Moulvi Abdool Cader Jeteker and others—Nanu and Hand T and D.

655-91—Thakurdas, D and C—Pachan Pudumsey vs Waghji Pudumsey and others—Conroy and B.

659-91—Janardhan and A—Waghjee Dowjee and others vs Lutif Essa and another.

660-91—Payne, G and S—Alibhai Ebrahimjee vs Ebrahimjee Esmailjee—In person.

663-91—Payne, G and S—Parwatibai vs Parwatibai and another—Bhalshunker and K.

679-91—Chak, W and S—Karswa Jowan Ooka vs Karimjee Allibhoy and another—Ardesir H and D, and Conroy and B.

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice FARRAN.)
For Judgment.
For Consent Decree.

191-91—In person—a pauper—Bhimabhai and another vs Dayaram Jethabhai—In person.

26-91—T A Bland—Momanbhai Gangjee and others vs The Transatlantic Fire Insurance Co.—Payne G and S.

27-91—T A Bland—Momanbhai Gangjee and others vs The Northern Insurance Co.—Payne G and S.

28-91—T A Bland—Momanbai Gangjee and others vs The Satarang Sea and Fire Insurance Co.—Payne G and S.

663-90—In person—Abdool Kayum Sarafalli vs Eduljee Nusserwanjee and another—Ardesir H and D.

203-91—Janardhan and A—Rao Saheb Hurri Rawjee vs Atmaram Vassudeo V and others—

STEEL BOILERS.

LANCASHIRE, CORNISH & VERTICAL TYPES.

NOW READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY—30' by 7' by 110lbs. working pressure. Also vertica boilers of 8, 10, and 12 H.P. Made at our works under inspection of Government Boiler Inspector, of extra quality, Siemens-Martin mild steel—welded fines; latest improvements in accordance with Manchester Steam Users Association Specification.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,
BYCULLA IRONWORKS, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line. As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

PRESENTATION WATCHES, comprising minute-repeating, chronograph, clock, and calendar mechanism, in solid heavy 18-carat cases, or enamelled in various colors; also set with diamonds, rubies, or emeralds. —MARCKS & COMPANY, Limited, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE.—English-made PARK VICTORIA (By "Kosterton.") in capital order. Rs. 350, lowest price. Apply "T. A.," care of this Office.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

FRESH FISH, FRUIT, and RELIABLE DOMESTIC SERVANTS to Up-country Stations at shortest notice, as supplied to Mr. Wyndler during the tours of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor, H. I. H. the Czarewitch, and the annual tour of H.E. the Viceroy, and many others. —J. LEWIS and Co., 8, Military Square, Fort, Bombay.

TEAS—NEW NEILGHERRY TEAS.—Congou at 9 as., Souchong, 12 as., Pekoe, Re. 1-2; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-4, per lb.—J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

COTTAGE PIANO (Soundy and Co.) nearly new. Cost Rs. 650, what offers? Owner going home. "M. B. J.," care of this Office.

FOR SALE—At Bennett's Auction TO-DAY, a CHILD'S PONY, with Saddle and Bridle.

ON VIEW.—Hon'ble Justice Scott's Valuable furniture, Piano, Carriages, &c., at "Dinna Lodge" Ridge, Malabar Hill.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET at Khandalla and Lanowlee, for the Season, Rs. 150 and upwards. Apply to F. SUMMERS, House and Land Agent, Khandalla.

RECEIVED, Keyless Watches for Walking-Sticks or for Umbrellas. In German Silver cases, Rs. 20 to Rs. 30. In Silver cases, Rs. 30 to Rs. 50. In Gold cases, Rs. 150 to Rs. 250.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Watchmakers, Fort, Bombay.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Suited for large and small Presents to Friends at Home.—Designs and Shapes purely Oriental—School of Art Compound, Esplanade.

TO BE LET.—A BUNGALOW, at Bellasis Road, close to Ludha Ebrahim. For rent and other Particulars apply in the same compound to C. M. SONS.

TO BE SOLD at BENNETT'S Auction TO-DAY, a nearly new varnished Dog-cart, suitable for a Pony 13-3 or more.

MELLIN'S FOOD BISCUITS.—Prepared at our own Factory. Highly digestive to Children and Invalids. Recommended by the eminent Doctors. Per lb Rs. 1-4 nly.—PEARSE & Co., Bombay.

WANTED, a Pair of good GALLOWAYS, to ride and drive, 14 to 14-1. Apply by letter, "S." care of Messrs. WM. WATSON and Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

WANTED, a small TOY TERRIER, black and tan, or rough haired, of any colour. Apply with particulars to GEO. GAHAGAN, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

WANTED, a first-class FOREMAN and MILLER for the Calcutta Roller Flour Mills Co. One experienced in Carter's System of Milling would be preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating terms, to RAJENDRANATH MOOKERJEE, Pathuraghatta, Calcutta.

WANTED, Rs. 7,000 to Rs. 10,000 on Good Security and Interest. "293," care of this Paper.

TO WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS. —WHY buy GERMAN-made MATERIALS & TOOLS from Bazar? Go to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, where you find none but English and Swiss Materials and Tools at Reasonable Prices.

GENT'S MERINO SOCKS Soft Wool, Neat Assorted Shades, Really Cheap. Re. 1 per pair. All Sizes.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

COOKING STOVES.—Rippingille's Celebrated Kerosine Oil COOKING STOVES kept in Stock, in all sizes.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Krause, 55, Esplanade Road.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I stayed at the Alexandra Hotel, with my wife and child for 4 days, and found everything very comfortable, indeed, above the usual table; the rooms are well ventilated and clean. I found the Proprietor and Servants very attentive. I am well satisfied and shall have much pleasure in recommending my friends to the same.—S. CARTER, Ordnance Department.

BOBBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is now open. It is the most pleasant, comfortable and central Hotel on the Hill. Rooms bright, airy and commodious and have comforts provided. Terms Moderate..

LOWJEE HOTEL—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. HORMUSJI.

EUPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR, OPEN from October. Most Central Situation, and good accommodation. Private Sitting Rooms to single Ladies and Parties as well as Married Couples.

RACE VIEW HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Have OPENED, for Gentlemen and Ladies Next door to Lord Roay Villa.

GAIETY HOTEL, FORT.—Now under entire English Management. A Good Table provided, with Dining and Sitting-room, Bed-rooms with Bath-rooms. Every convenience and Comfort. Apply to Manager.

REVISED PRICES of Aerated Waters. Soda, Potash, and Plain Aerated Waters, per dozen, annas. Lemonade, and other Sweet Waters, per dozen, annas.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street, Fort, and Byculla.

NEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest Designs, Made and Ready,—Chuckia, No. 6.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 31, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. GRAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

HATHERAN, GARBUTT HALL, TO BE LET, for this Season. Apply S. D. DUBASH, Flagstone Circle.

TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, LARGE COMFORTABLE HOUSE, 8 Bed and 4 Sitting Rooms, Room suitable for Billiard Room, Conservatory, large grounds, &c., For particulars apply Lt.-Col. NEWSTER, Breeh Holme, Hampton Hill, Middlesex, or Lt. NEWSTER, R. A., Belgaum.

THE INDIAN SQUARE PIANO, the very best Square Piano for the Indian Climate, with all the last improvements, Rs. 450.—S. ROSE and Co., Bombay.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing done. For rates apply "SUPERINTENDENT," "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

BEST LEATHER, STRONG AND NEAT WORKMANSHIP Solid Double Leather Trunk, G. A., Lashkar Pattern 22" by 20" by 10" Rs. 45; Single Harness Brass Mount Rs. 30. Double Harness Rs. 60; Hunting Saddle complete, Rs. 20. Apply to RAM LALL BROTHERS (formerly Dunkoo Lall and Sons), Cawnpore.

FOR SALE.—A MALE ELEPHANT, aged 35 years old. Apply to ADMINISTRATOR, Porbandar State.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Ballwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Parker:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj. Rotter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India:—Received immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send further orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., &c. Re. 1.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been greatly enlarged and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette*.

FELIX CORNAGLIA
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER, IMPORTER OF FRENCH, ENGLISH AND ITALIAN PROVISIONS, WINE MERCHANT.
For fresh and pure Sweets and Chocolates of sorts for Birthday, Christening or Wedding Cakes, Artistically decorated.
For Dainties, Fancy Confectionery, and choicest Tit-Bits, for good Ice Water or Cream and Ice Pudding and others 1,001 Delicacies
GO TO
83, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Pic-nics, Dinners, Balls, Soirees and Suppers supplied. All contracts for Viceregal and other Entertainments undertaken throughout India.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.
THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

THE SIXTEENTH SERIES of the WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES falls to be delivered in Bombay in the first or cold weather Term of 1892-93.
SUBJECT.—"English viewed in connection with Anglo-Saxon and the other sources."
The series will consist of not fewer than six lectures.
The Honorarium is nearly Rupees One Thousand.
The Candidates for Lectureship are invited to send in their applications to the Undersigned on or before the first of June next.
By order,
D. MACDONALD, M.D., B.Sc., C.M.,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 13th February, 1892.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S
RECEPTION ROOM IN RAMPART ROW
IS fitted with the most approved appliances for Testing the Sight, utilized by a novel method patented by Mr. S. Lawrence, which is specially designed to ensure accuracy, while promoting the comfort of visitors under examination. After this has been done and the necessary measurements noted
Lawrence and Mayo's specially adapted Spectacles can be prepared accordingly, and may, therefore, be depended upon to meet the particular requirements of each individual case.
The distinction between the above methods of practical Ophthalmic Opticians, and those of the mere vendor of Spectacles, is obvious. The latter imports them for sale, and his object is achieved when he has induced the customer to buy; any glaring unsuitability becomes the occasion of ingenious apology or persuasion; the smart salesman rises superior to such a trifle as the jeopardy of his customer's eyesight, if he even understands the danger, and the cost of any alteration, must come directly off his profit. The practical Optician, on the other hand, first ascertains the defect, and, if it depends on the refraction, prepares the proper glasses to correct it. Both indeed work for the professional Oculist though in different ways; one makes Patients for him, the other makes the Spectacles for his Patients.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS TO H. E. THE VICEROY,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND LONDON.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR esources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watch-makers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.
Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUNIOR ARMY AND NAVY STORES, LD.,
YORK HOUSE, LONDON.
AGENTS FOR BOMBAY,
MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

WM. HUTCHINSON & CO.,
EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,
1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.
Consignments of Produce received and disposed of.
Indents executed with care and promptitude.
Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.
All agency business undertaken.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY. 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having none and none other.
AGENTS WANTED.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

BROOKS AND DOXEY,
LATE SAMUEL BROOKS,
MANCHESTER, JANUARY 1ST, 1892.
WE have the pleasure to notify that the COTTON MACHINERY BUSINESS hitherto carried on at the UNION IRON WORKS, WEST GORTON, The Junction Iron Works, Newton Heath, and 15, Market Street, Manchester, under the style of
"SAMUEL BROOKS,"
will as and from the 1st of January, 1892, be owned and continued by us SAMUEL HERBERT BROOKS and RICHARD ALEXANDER DOXEY, under the style of
"BROOKS AND DOXEY."
Every effort will be made in the future to conduct the business as efficiently as hitherto, and a continuance of the support of present customers is cordially solicited.
Both works are well equipped with a large and most modern Plant, and we are exceptionally well laid out for the execution of all orders for Carding Engines, Preparing, Spinning, Winding, Doubling, Reeling, Bundling, &c., Machinery.
BROOKS AND DOXEY.
With reference to the above Advertisement the Undersigned shall be happy to furnish on application prices and particulars of the Machinery manufactured by Messrs. BROOKS and DOXEY (late Mr. Samuel Brooks).
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
Sole Agents, Bombay,
10, Meadow Street.

NOW READY.
MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

AUG. A. FRIDLANDER,
PRECIOUS STONE DEALER,
31, HYLTON STREET, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.
OPEN to RECEIVE Fine Goods (only) in PEARLS, SAPPHIRES, RUBIES, and other PRECIOUS STONES.
Immediate Telegraphic Cash Offers. Consignments can be made direct or through the Oriental Bank Corporation, who will furnish necessary references.
BRANCH OFFICES:
51, RUE LAFAYETTE, PARIS.
MILLE COLONNES AMSTERDAM.
BANKERS:
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, BIRMINGHAM.
AMSTERDAMSCHE, BANK AMSTERDAM.
OFFROY AND COMPANY, PARIS.
GEBRUDER STEIN, HANAU, GERMANY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
23, APOLLO STREET.
AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, JEWELLERY, &c.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their sale rooms, in Apollo Street, some pieces of furniture, consisting of drawing-room set of sofas, chairs, chest of drawers, with and without mirror, door-almyras, argand lamps by Tucker and Ness, large sofas, one large hand-organ, iron safe, perambulators, marble-topped round tahlesl and teapoys, gold, pearl and diamond jewellery, consisting of brooches, chains, lockets, rings, buttons, pencils, tooth-pins, crosses, earrings, pin cases, seals, and many other fancy articles. A consignment of gold, silver, and metal watches, &c., &c.
SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, February 20, 1892.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 19.

THE late unseasonable slackness in business has been somewhat broken during the past week by a spurt of activity in our two principal export staples, and enlivened by a reaction in Exchange. In response to the strong tenor of advices from home, Wheat has been active and advancing on several days; and a much better enquiry for Cotton—which, however, was short-lived—was felt from exporters. Seeds have remained quiet in tone with but little doing for export, and at lower rates in the case of Linseed. Following an improvement in Silver in London and New York, Exchange recovered a portion of its previous fall, but has latterly lost a part of the advance, closing 3-32d. higher for Bank Bills, and ½d. for Credits, than last Friday evening's quotations. Government Paper has declined 9-16 per cent. in Fours. Freights have been firmer at enhanced rates which restricted business; but to-day more shippers have come out. With the fluctuations in Exchange the feeling varies in the Import Market; but there has been no material change in prices on the whole since last week, while the volume of business passing has been rather less.

MONEY.—Although the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs, issued on Monday, showed only the small diminution of some 3½ lakhs in the Cash Balance, the demand for Money for the purposes of trade during the period covered by the Return had not been very much less than in the week preceding. Withdrawals from Private Deposits had been heavy, at 27½ lakhs, and Bills Discounted had increased rather more than before, at 4½ lakhs; while, on the other hand, there had been a slight falling off in Loans; and the net increase in trade requirements was represented by 31½ lakhs, compared with an expansion of 38½ lakhs in the previous week. The increase, last week, however, was counterbalanced, to a great extent, by a material accession to Public Deposits, both at the Bank's head office, and at the branches, and a further realization of Government Securities. No further change in rates was made at the board meeting of the Bank of Bombay yesterday afternoon, and the minimum, therefore, remains at 5 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened on last mail-day with a quiet feeling at the rates given in our last weekly report both for Bank and Private Paper; but no business to speak of having been done the market closed steady in its absence at previous quotations. On Monday the market opened at Saturday's closing rates, but strengthened throughout the day, one Bank only buying three months' sight Credits at 1s. 3 15-16d. for February delivery, and, later on, 1s. 3 31-32d. was the best rate obtainable for any delivery up to the end of March, and 1s. 4d. later. At these rates a fair amount of business was put through; but the enquiry for Bank Remittance was limited, and, at closing, rates were steady, the ready quotation for Credits and Francs having been for March also. The feeling was firm again on Tuesday morning, and Merchants' Bills having been fairly plentiful, rates hardened during the day from 1s. 4d. to 1s. 4 1-16d. for February-March delivery, and 1s. 4 1-32d. to 1s. 4 3-32d. for April-June, for three months' sight Credits, a fair amount having been placed at the former rate, but very little at the latter; and eventually, the supply falling off, rates closed somewhat easier. On Wednesday again the market opened firm at 1s. 3½d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 3 29-32d. for Demand, and 1s. 4 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and a fairly plentiful supply of the last again coming out, rates gradually hardened, until, at the close, 1s. 4 3-16d. was the best available. The inquiry for Bank remittance having been limited, this also gradually hardened, and eventually 1s. 4d. for Bank Demand was obtainable, and the market closed firm. The feeling was firm again yesterday at opening, at 1s. 4d. for Bank Demand, 1s. 3 31-32d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 4 3-16d. for three months' sight Credits, and a moderate amount of Bank Paper was taken at 1-32d. to 1-16d. higher, for March, and April-May delivery. Very few private Bills came out, and the rate receded 1-32d. the market closing week. This morning the market opened weaker on the receipt of a lower quotation for Silver from New York, together with lower rates from Calcutta, and, in the absence of much private Paper, rates declined still further. A moderate amount of Bank remittance was taken at our quotations, and also Merchants' Bills, and the feeling at closing was quiet, at the following rates:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 3½d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3 27-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 3 15-16d.	"
Do. 4 do.	1s. 3 31-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 1-32d.	"
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 4 1-16d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 3-16d.	"
Documents 3 ms' sight	1s. 4 3-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 7-32d.	"
Do. 6 do.	1s. 4 5-16d.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quiet but steady at the close of last week at some reduction from Friday's rates for Fours; but business, both for Money and Account, was very slack. Closing quotations were 105 3-16 for cash; 105 1-16 for the next Settlement; and 104 15-16 for the April account, with buyers for Money at the rate. 104 was still named for 4½ per Cents. On Monday the market was weak in tone, and rates receded a little, there having been sellers during the day of Fours for Money, at 105½, for the 2nd March account at 105, and for April, at 104⅞ the cash price at closing having been quoted at 105 1-16. Rates for Fours declined ⅛ to ¼ per cent. on Tuesday, 105 having been quoted for cash, 104 15-16 for March Account and 104⅞ for April, at which level prices remained for some time; but at closing, the cash rate was quoted ¼ per cent. lower at 104¾. On Wednesday, the market was weak in the earlier part of the day, and a further decline of ¼ per cent. in Fours from Tuesday's final rates was established, but the feeling became steadier thereafter at the fall, the cash price leaving off at 104 9-16 buyers, with the 2nd March account at 104⅝, and April 104¾. Yesterday the feeling was steady at a material advance on Wednesday's final rates for fours, the cash price having been quoted in the early part of the afternoon at 104⅞, with the next settlement at 104⅝, and the April account at 104 7-16; but some reaction took place later on, and the cash price of Fours left off at 104 11-16. The market has been strong to-day at about yesterday's final rates, closing quotations this evening being 104⅝ for Fours for cash; 104⅝ for the 2nd March account; and 104 5-16 for April; with 4½ per cents 103½, nominal.

Five per cent. Municipal Loan is unchanged at 111. Port Trust Bonds are ½ per cent. lower, at 102¾.

SHARES.—There has not been very much doing in this market during the past week on any line; but an improved feeling has been noticeable for Cotton Mill Scrip, and prices have improved in a number of cases. Compared with our quotations of a week ago, we note an advance of Rs. 50 in Hyderabad Mill shares; of Rs. 45 in Connaught; of Rs. 30 each in Howard and Bullough, and Dhun; of Rs. 25 each in Madras United, Presidency, Queen, and Western India; of Rs. 20 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 10 each in Imperial, Hindustan, Jubilee, and Luckmidas; and of Rs. 5 in Framji Petit. Britannia, on the other hand, have declined Rs. 25; Colaba Land and Mill, Rs. 15; Oriental, Rs. 5; and Anglo-Indian and Leopold, Rs. 2 each. In Press shares, French are Rs. 15 lower; Colaba are Rs. 10 down; Hingoli have advanced Rs. 6¼; and English, Rs. 2½. In miscellaneous shares, Badhem Pile, Marcks and Co., and Thacker and Co., are all Rs. 2 higher; Treacher and Co. have advanced Rs. 5. Port Canning are Rs. 2½ lower; Bombay Ice are Rs. 2 down. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 5 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been no change to speak of in the state of the market for staple *Grey Goods* during the past week, and rates are quoted the same as before. The constant fluctuations in Exchange no doubt cause changes in the attitude of wholesale buyers and sellers; but there has been no decided movement either way, and stocks are much the same as before. In *Bleached*, *Dyed Turkey Red*, and *Printed Goods* there has been no change worth noting during the week. With regard to *Local made Goods*, the rise in prices of gram and fodder in several up-country centres of distribution has more effect on the consumption of local-made Goods than on those which are imported, the principal consumers of the former belonging to the poorer classes; and were it not for the Zanzibar demand, we should not be able to report business of even 1,300 bales, which is the estimated off-take for the week; that of *Imported Goods* being 3,800 packages.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* remains dull in tone, with only a small business passing, but with prices quite unchanged. Sales of *Local Spinnings* in China for the fortnight ending on last Monday are reported at 12,000 bales, at Exchange 220½. This increase in the quantity taken was quite expected, and, therefore, has had no effect here, demand being moderate, and mostly running in medium and fine qualities of 10s and 20s. The week's clearances have been about 4,000 bales; and the market closed with a continued enquiry for China and at the following official quotations:—

Twist...	No. 6s Mule,	As.	3½	to 4	per lb.
"	8s "	"	3¾	" 4 1-16	"
"	10s "	"	4	" 4¼	"
"	12s "	"	4 3-16	" 4½	"
"	16s "	"	5	" 5¼	"
"	20s "	"	5¼	" 5½	"
"	24s "	"	5½	" 6¼	"
"	30s "	"	6½	" 6¾	"
"	40s "	"	7½	" 8	"

METALS.—Business in *Copper* has been upon a small scale this week, and prices are unchanged in a quiet market. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a moderate extent, on the basis of previous rates, at which the market has been steady. *Iron* also has been steady at last quotations, with a moderate business passing.

COAL has been steady during the past week, but quiet. About 1,200 tons of re-sales have been made of Powell's Duffryn Cardiff, for February-March shipment, at Rs. 16½; and 900 tons of ready Brymbo Welsh Hartley, ex Etolia (s), at Rs. 13½ per ton. Sellers forward of Powell's Duffryn and Davison's West Hartley are naming Rs. 16½, and Rs. 14½ per ton, respectively, but buyers' idea is half a rupee less.

EXPORTS.

COTTON remained steady in tone to the close of last week and for several days thereafter, but with only a small business passing for export or local spinners' account, though on Monday there was a general advance in rates to the extent of Re. 1 per candy. The day before yesterday, however, an active demand—more particularly from Exporters—sprang up, and a large business was done, prices, however, giving way Re. 1 per candy; but this was not sustained yesterday, and transactions were only upon a moderate scale, though the feeling was steady at previous rates. The purchases by exporters during the past week sum up about 9,000 bales of new Oomra descriptions, Bengals, and Broach; while the Mills have taken some 5,000 bales of new and old Oomra Kinds, new Broach, and old Bhownugger. The market closed quiet this evening, with prices on the same level as they were a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop during the past week have been 48,600 bales, compared with 46,499 bales arrived in the week preceding, and 75,500 bales to hand in the corresponding week last year; and the decrease in supplies this season as against last has now reached 276,400 bales.

There was more rain in the Bengal Cotton circle at the beginning of the week, the official telegrams to hand on Monday reporting a further fall of 97 cents at Delhi, and 91 cents at Cawnpore, the rain having been general over the latter district. The weather was also cloudy and unseasonable in the Bhownugger district of the Dhollera circle, where picking had commenced; but at Wadwan, in the same circle, Cotton prospects had much improved. The weather was generally bright and seasonable in the Oomra circle, and at Khangaum picking had become general; while in other districts the Cotton was arriving in small quantities, as it also was at Broach.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool *via* Canal, without commission, *viz.*:—

Cotton—	per lbs. Per candy. C. & F. Rs.
Bengal Fine (Feb.)	162—3 31-32d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 149—3 3-32d.
Do. Good do.	" 139—2 29-32d.
Broach Fine (March)	" 197—2 27-32d.
Do. Good do.	" 183—3 25-32d.
Khandeish Fine	" 164—3 13-32d.
Do. Fully Good	" 157—3d. 25/32
Do. Good	" 152—3 5-32d.
Dhollera Fine (April-May)	" 176—3½d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 166—3 7-16d.
Do. Good do.	" 159—3 5-16d.
Belatee Fine (February)	" 162—3 11-32d.
Do. Fully Good do.	" 153—3 9-16d.
Omra F. G.	" 163—3¼d.
Do. Good	" 157—3d.

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1891-92. Bales.	Season 1890-91. Bales.
Khandeish	117,500	182,300
Berar	106,000	149,500
Barsi and Nugger	19,000	33,500
Bengals	49,500	164,000
Hinguaghat	1,100	15,200
Persian and Sind	7,300	7,500
Broach	1,200	17,000
Dhollera	4,000	13,000
Total	305,600	582,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	Bales. 1892.	Bales. 1891.	Bales. 1890.
For the Week	48,917	74,031	78,978
From 1st Jan. to 18th Feb	239,339	412,578	455,631
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	2,367	50,5 3	29,409
From 1st Jan. to 18th Feb	67,703	155,353	223,259
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	7,787	927	513
From 1st Jan. to 18th Feb	20,897	17,312	8,067

WHEAT remained quiet in tone, with a moderate business passing, on the basis of previous rates, till the earlier part of the present week, when, in response to telegraphic news of a strong market and higher prices on the other side, an active export demand set in here, and on Tuesday and Wednesday a large business was done, while prices advanced 1 to 1½ anna per cwt. on both days. Thereafter, however, in presence of the higher prices asked by dealers, not to speak of an advance in rates of Freight and Exchange, enquiry subsided to a great extent and only a moderate business was done, though the tone of the market was still firm at the enhanced quotations.

SEEDS have been a quiet market throughout the week, and only a small business has been passing from day to day. *Linseed* declined in value a little at the beginning of the week, but has since recovered, and our closing quotations are as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 6-11-6 to Rs. 6-14-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	" 7-2-0 to " 7-4-0	"
" " Cawnpore	" 7-0-0	"
" " Red	" 6-0-0 to " 6-8-0	"
Gingelly White	" 42-0-0 to " 42-8-0	per cdy.
" Mixed	" 37-8-0 to " 40-8-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	87,434	80,098	44,633
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	754,630	976,747	634,106
Linseed for the Week	74,049	97,968	49,282
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	230,771	391,559	138,195
Rapeseed for the Week	4,244	16,481	27,323
do. from 1st Jan. to 11th Feb.	13,057	79,378	109,496
Gingelly Seed for the Week	63,569	75,953	53,100
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	475,051	435,331	268,083

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890 cwts.
Wheat for the Week	96,140	79,349	56,558
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	1,231,444	971,808	603,561
Linseed for the Week	14,888	84,892	27,944
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	206,806	353,449	140,962
Rapeseed for the Week	.....	19,089	12,087
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	7,016	123,125	73,489
Gingelly Seed for the Week	21,943	37,454	10,197
do. from 1st Jan. to 18th Feb.	246,015	228,071	284,395

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.
LONDON, FEB. 18.
The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Sarats quiet.
Good Dhollera 3 5-16
The Manchester Market has been steady.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight... 1 3 13-16
4 per cent. Rupee Paper 69 3-16
4½ per cent. " 68½

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £24,200,000; increase, £300,000; public deposits, £3,300,000; increase, £1,500,000; other deposits, £27,300,000; decrease, £700,000; other securities, £27,500,000; increase, £400,000; notes and gold £16,200,000; increase, £500,000. The Bank's reserve is 45 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 19.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.
GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, interrupted.
CHINA.—Via Penang, interrupted. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz, Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St Vincent, perfect.
Telegraphic communication with Assab and Massowah interrupted through failure of Assab-Perim cable. Gunboat will leave Perim for Assab every Thursday and Sunday during interruption of cable.
Cable San Thome Loanda interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombassa interrupted. At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagoweschensk and Possiet.
Route via El Arish interrupted.
Bangkok Saigon interrupted.
Singapore Saigon cable interrupted.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 Per Copy.

CONTENTS:—

PAGE.
1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY.—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE.—LATEST TELEGRAMS.
2 HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.—LATE NEWS.
3-4 THE WEEK.
5 MILITARY NEWS.—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.—Heavy Weather at Sea.
6 Bombay Art Society's Exhibition.
7 Election by the Justices of the Peace—Inspection of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery.
8 INDIAN SPORTING NEWS: Bombay Closed Races—Concert at the Connaught Club—The Infantry Polo Tournament—Bombay Volunteer Artillery Camp.
9 The Bombay Vaccination Bill—Criminal Life in Bombay.—X.
10-11 The Justices' Election of Councillors—Arrival of the Euphrates—Through the Chin Hills.
12 Our Frontier Fights—The Charity Fete—Twilight—Hyderabad News—Exchange and Council Drawings—Education in India.
13 Serious Charge Against Soldiers—Presentation of Addresses to the Archbishop of Bombay—Bombay Season Reports—Arrival of H. M. S. Sphinx.
14 LEADING ARTICLES: Obstruction to Railway Development—The Indian Officers' Leave Bill.
15 LEADING ARTICLES: Medical Relief for Indian Women—The Famine Proclamation.
16 LEADING ARTICLE: Russia a Colder India.
17 LEADING ART

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

INTRODUCTION OF THE IRISH LOCAL GOVERNMENT BILL.

LONDON, FEB. 19.

The Irish Local Government Bill was introduced by Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons last night.

It creates County and Baronial Councils, which are to be elected triennially, the franchise including women. The measure safeguards minorities, and enables the dismissal of Councils guilty of corruption or oppression, the Viceroy having the power of replacing the members by his own nominees.

The Liberals and both Irish parties ridiculed the Bill.

ARMY HEAD-QUARTERS APPOINTMENTS.

In the appointments to the Head-quarters Staff of the Army recently announced a correction has to be made in the case of Colonel Lascelles, who has been appointed Deputy Adjutant-General to the Forces in Ireland, not Assistant Adjutant-General at Aldershot.

SPECIAL PRIZES FOR INDIAN VOLUNTEERS AT THE BISLEY MEETING.

The Corporation of London has voted a sum of one hundred and fifty guineas to be devoted to special prizes for Indian Volunteers competing at the next meeting of the National Rifle Association at Bisley.

DEFEAT AND RESIGNATION OF THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

PARIS, FEB. 18.

In the Chamber of Deputies, this evening, the Government having invited a motion of confidence on a Bill dealing with clerical and other societies were defeated by a large majority. The Ministers thereupon left the House in a body and have resigned.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, FEB. 18.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Thames, with the homeward Indian mails of the 13th inst., arrived here at 9 p.m. to-day.

SUEZ, FEB. 18.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Arcadia, with the outward English mails of the 12th inst., from London, left here at 4 p.m. to-day.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 19.

Allanmyo was nearly destroyed by fire on Wednesday. About 500 houses were burnt, including most of the public offices. It is feared that several lives have been lost.

LORD ROBERTS IN BURMA.

Lord Roberts arrived at Mandalay on Wednesday.

LADY LANSDOWNE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 19.

Lady Lansdowne left for Cooch Behar to join H. E. the Viceroy to-day. Her departure was quite a private one.

THE VOLUNTEER CONFERENCE.

The members of the Volunteer Conference re-assembled to-day; and further discussed the Staff Committee's propositions and evidence tendered on the previous day. The members of the Conference will be entertained at a dinner at the C. V. R. head-quarters, on Thursday next.

THE RIOT IN CALCUTTA.

The Police are likely to get into serious trouble over the recent riot case.

THE CALCUTTA CHILD-MURDER CASE.

A REFERENCE DISPOSED OF.

At the High Court to-day Messrs. Justices Norris and Beverley disposed of a reference in the case of the horrible child-murder sent up from Kooshtea, the mother of the young woman, who ill-treated his wife, and kept a mistress by whom he had one child. The young wife goaded with madness by the brutal treatment, watched an opportunity, and flung the infant into a deep ditch. Fearing detection she returned and bit the body of the child all over, thinking to make it appear that jackals carried off the child. The crime was traced to her and she confessed of her guilt. The jury acquitted her of the capital charge, whereupon a reference was made to the High Court. Their Lordships found that a *prima facie* case of murder was established, but considering her youth sentenced the prisoner to transportation for life.

THE WHEELER COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 19.

Mr. Arthur Strachey, barrister-at-law, has been retained to conduct the defence in the forthcoming commission-of-inquiry into the charges against Mr. P. C. Wheeler.

A KALKA-SIMLA RAILWAY PROJECT.

A survey for a railway from Kalka to Simla which shall leave the cart-road intact has been ordered. Mr. Gilchrist will be the engineer-in-charge.

THE AGENCY OF THE MADRAS RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 19.

The Agent of the Madras Railway has generally been an engineer; but it is probable that Mr. Moss, the present popular traffic manager, but who is not an engineer will succeed as Agent, when the present acting Agent, retires in April.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 19.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

10th Bombay Light Infantry—Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel A. Barry, Indian Medical Service, to officiate, in medical charge, vice Surgeon-Captain Grayfoot, Indian Service, in civil employ, or until further orders.

With reference to para 4 of rules regarding appointment of acting pay-masters, under provisions of clause 124 India Army Circulars 190 Captain Moss, 2nd Gloster Regiment, will be attached to the Military Accounts Department, Poona, from the 1st proximo. Captain Moss will travel at public expense, under para 510 Army Regulations India Volume X Part II., and should on arrival at Poona report himself personally to the Controller of Military Accounts for orders.

The undermentioned officers are reported to have passed the required examination in the following languages:—

Hindustani Higher Standard—Lieutenant Raymond, 2nd King's Own Royal Lancaster Regiment; Lieutenant Windham, Royal Marines, attached to the 21st Bombay Infantry; and Lieutenant Macnamarra, 27th Bombay Infantry.

In Hindustani Lower Standard—Lieutenant Morrice, Royal Engineers.

In Persian Lower Standard—Sub-Conductor Clifford, Bombay Unattached List.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence:—Lieutenant Hartley, G. I. P. R. Volunteers, to England, for 18 months, on private affairs; and Captain Coleridge, North Lancashire, for six months, to England, on medical certificate.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 19.

Mr. R. F. Rampini officiates as Judge of the High Court, during the absence of Mr. Justice Tottenham.

The Hon. Sir G. C. Paul, the Advocate-General, has been granted 12 months' leave, Mr. J. T. Woodroffe officiates for him.

The services of Mr. G. R. Macmullen, 6th Punjab Infantry, is placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma.

The Rev. G. A. Ford has been appointed Chaplains of Mhow.

Mr. F. Stork has been appointed Consul for the Netherlands in Rangoon.

The services of Surgeon R. C. Macwatt, Bengal, have been placed at the disposal, of the Military Department.

Mr. H. S. Barnes has been appointed Governor-General's Agent in Beluchistan.

Major A. R. Martin, 5th Goorkhas, has been appointed to be Assistant Adjutant-General, in the Punjab Frontier Force.

Lieut. H. A. Lane has been appointed Station Staff Officer, Bolarum.

Lieutenant L. A. Watson, 30th B. I, and Lieutenant T. Lightfoot, 8th B. I., have been admitted to the Staff Corps.

Leave, on furlough, has been granted to Colonel O. Menzies, Punjab, till the 26th August; Major C. H. Brooks, R. E., and Captain J. L. Parker, R. A., for one year each; Col. T. Walker, R. A. Madras, 8 months; Captain J. Willocks, D. S. O., 8 months; Captain K. E. Lean, 8 months; Major H. A. Abbott, 15 B. I., 8 months; Major C. F. Vyse, 27th B. I., 7 months; Captain G. S. Ommaney, 1st Goorkhas; Captain W. A. O'Nealy; 1st Punjab Cavalry; Lieut. R. P. Warren, 9th B. I., and Lieutenant R. J. D. Moseley, 15 B. I.; all for one year.

Promotions.—To be Lieutenant-Colonel—Major E. H. Bingham; to be Major—Captain R. Fenton; and to be Captain—Lieut J. M. Ransom.

Colonel W. Graham-Smith and Col. N. Edgecomb Eliot are permitted to retire from the service.

Messrs. Faulkner, Watson, Monies, Executive Engineers, proceed to Burma.

Mr. A. S. Bailey, Locomotive Department State Railways, has been permitted to resign the service.

Mr. G. A. Saville, Executive Engineer, has been promoted to the 3rd Grade.

Captain C. Hoskeyn, R.E., has been appointed Examiner of Accounts, N.-W. P.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, FEB. 18.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Graham left here, for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta, this afternoon.

LIVERPOOL, FEB. 18.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall arrived here, from Bombay and Karachi *vid* Marseilles, this morning.

HONGKONG, FEB. 18.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Khedive left here this afternoon for Bombay.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Lombardy (extra) arrived here this morning from Bombay.

COLOMBO, FEB. 18.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Malwa, with the China and Australian mails, left here for Bombay at 2 p.m. to-day.

The Anchor Line steamer Hispania arrived at Marseilles from Bombay on the 17th inst.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION BY FELLOWS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

YESTERDAY an election by Fellows of the Bombay University of two representatives on the Municipal Corporation took place at the Sir Cawasjee Jehanghir Hall of the University. The following were the five candidates for the two seats:—Principal R. G. Oxenham, M. A., proposed by the Hon. Mr. Justice Telang, M.A., LL.B., C.I.E., and seconded by Mr. R. M. Sayani, B.A., LL.B. 2. Mr. Vaman Abajee Modak, proposed by Mr. Grattan Geary, and seconded by the Hon. Mr. Javerilal Umaishunker Yajnik. 3. Mr. Maneckji M. Branson and seconded by Mr. P. M. Mehta. 4. Mr. Jamsetjee Pallonjee Kapadia, proposed by Mr. A. M. Dharmsi and seconded by Dr. Cawasjee Hormusjee. 5. Mr. Dajee Abajee Khare, proposed by Mr. Nana Morojee and seconded by Dr. M. G. Deshmukh. The ballot began at 4 p.m. in the presence of Dr. MacDonald, the Registrar, and was continued till 6 p.m. The result of the ballot was as follows:—

	Votes.
1. Principal R. G. Oxenham	51
2. Mr. V. A. Modak	48
3. Mr. M. J. Taleyarkhan	38
4. Mr. J. P. Kapadia	33
5. Mr. D. A. Khare	26

Mr. Oxenham has been declared elected a member of the new Municipal Corporation; but as Messrs. Taleyarkhan and Modak have obtained an equal number of votes, the question as to who should be elected will be decided by another appeal to the Fellows.

THE OLLIVANT MEMORIAL.

THE statement of account of the E. C. K. Ollivant memorial fund is as follows:—

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursement.	Amount.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Total Subscriptions	4,807 3 8	Draft on Agra Bank for Guineas 200, being amount paid to Mr. Roscoe Mullins, the sculptor, for Mr. Ollivant's bust at exchange 1s. 5½d.	2,883 0 0
		John Fleming & Co., of Bombay, Freight and landing charge account bust	155 4 2
		Photographer's Bill in Bombay	60 0 0
		Printing, stamps and miscellaneous charges.	11 15 6
		For a memorial cottage to Mrs. Ollivant in the Nassick Sanatarium for women and children paid to Mrs. Pechey Phipson.	1,701 0 0
	4,807 3 8		4,807 3 8

PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ravenna, Captain O. Crowe, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Ismailia, and Marseilles with the English mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mr and Mrs Weston	Mr Peake
Surg-Major-Gent Hanbury	Sir J N Mr G Whitehall
Lady Hanbury	Mr A Whitehall
Miss Carter	Mr A J Tardley
Captain Lister	Mr Stantiford
Mr M R Jones	Mr Courtenay
Mr R Williamson	Mr W M Hohands

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Orlobar	Mr R Moore
Mr Garton	Mr Woodman

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr and Mrs Bachelier	Mr L Moss
Mr Flynn	Mr J C Doran
Mr Vickers	Mr J A Walker
Mrs E J Churcher	Capt Galloway
Mr Topping	Mr Butterworth
Mr Pugh	Mr H G Playfair

FOR ISMAILIA.

Revd W A and Mrs Wilson	Revd W J and Mrs Tait
Mr R Boteler	

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s. s. Ravenna, Captain E. Crowe, on 20th February, 1892.

Per s. s. Rome, Captain A. B. Daniell, on the 27th February, 1892.

FOR LONDON.—Mr and Mrs Sparling, two children and infant, Mr B W Blood, Mr and Mrs Moller, Miss Bacon, Mrs Knox and child, Mrs Pinhey and child, Miss Morris, Revd E Greaves, Revd G Robinson, Mr Knox, Mr and Mrs Whiteaway, Miss E J Cummings, Mr and Mrs E Murray, Mr Fairbairn and two children, Miss Rowlands, Mr Peters, Mr Britten, Miss Crawford, Capt Broome, Mr A D Christie, Mrs Mullingan, Mr and Mrs Clarke, Major and Mrs T G Curtis and 2 children, Mr Wingate, General Playfair, Mrs Dalrymple and 2 infants, Mr Shorrock, Mr and Mrs Prestage, Mrs Cook, Mrs Finn, 4 children and Nurse.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr Thorowgood, Mrs Geoghegan, Miss Atkinson, Miss Carr, Mr Wright, Sir Spencer Wells, two Misses Wells, Mr Pinkerton, Mr S Law, and Mr H B Bagallay, Mr McElroy, Mr and Mrs Skinner and child, Mr and Mrs Gresham, Mr Gourly and 4 Misses Gourlay.

FOR ISMAILIA.—Mr and Mrs Lauchlan Macdonald, and Miss Macdonald, Mr and Mrs Walker, Miss Wolghtman, Miss Aims, Miss Atkinson, Mr and Mrs Stanard Wood, Mr and Mrs Baker, Miss Carr, Mr and Mrs Pronch.

Per s. s. Siam, Capt. H. T. Weighell, on 5th March, 1892.

FOR LONDON.—Mr and Mrs Sim, Miss C M White.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr R Curtis and Surg Lieut-Col Barrow, Mr Valentine, Miss Hislop, Mrs Taylor, Mr Lygouras, Capt T C Bell.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mr R H Shipley, Mr and Mrs Muldoon, Mr R H McKillop, Revd W and Mrs Baynham, Mrs Douglas White, Capt Glascock, Major Carnogy, Mr Borah, Mr G Sturdy, Mr H C B Daun.

Per s. s. Khedive, Capt. L. H. Moule, on 12th March 1892.

FOR LONON.—Miss St Aubyn, Mrs Mildmay, Mrs Halkett Mrs Porteous, Mrs Atkinson, Miss Ford, Mrs Brownlow, child and infant, Mrs Granville Walton and child, Mr Britnain, Mr J Boxfield, Major-General and Mrs Griffin, Miss Griffin, Mr Vibart, Mrs and 2 Misses Callaghan, and Mr Morrow.

FOR BRINDISI.—Mr Mrs and Miss Hudson, Mr H Spencer, Mr Bahnstyne McLood, Mr S Low, Mr A D Wood, Mr and Mrs Baddeley, Miss Baddeley, Mr Baddeley (Junior), 3 Masters Baddeley, Mr and Mrs Berry Whitd, Mr C J Connell. Capt A E Leslie, Mr and Mrs Grentell, and Mrs M Turnor.

FOR ISMAILIA.—Mr and Mrs Wolby.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 23.

"Who killed Cock Robin?
"I, said the sparrow
"With my bow and arrow
"I killed Cock Robin."

It is not given to every one to be a writer of original verse, a prima donna, or a first-rate pianist. We cannot all be Poets Laureate, Pattis, or Paderewskis. But it is given to most of us to be able to shriek, to strum, and to parody. As the voice of the street-singer is to the divine warblings of Patti, or as the twang of the barrel organ is to the touch of Paderewski, so, to the original poem, is the verse of the parodist up to date. But the lack of appreciation, which in common with the organ-grinder and the open-air vocalist is the lot of the parodist, does not restrain him from parodizing. He does it with an object—the same as makes the street-singer shriek and the organ-grinder strum—the object of making himself heard. Once he has achieved his heart's desire he is satisfied; even if like the itinerant musician he is flouted from the society of the cultured. For the poem may pass away, but once heard, the parody remains—its echo like the strident voice of the street-singer or the discords of the organ-grinder, lingers in the brain and will not be stilled. Mark Twain found the only alleviation for this exquisite agony lay in communicating it to other people, and so he set the world raving "Punch, brothers, punch with care, punch in the presence of the passenger."

***

The same cruel remedy suggests itself as a means of ridding ourselves of the haunting parody on "Who killed Cock Robin," which comes to mind as we read through the list in the daily papers of the victims of the influenza sick and dying—ailing and convalescent.

"Who spread the influenza?
"I, said the journalist,
"With sick, dead, and burial list
"I spread the influenza."

It is quite true—as surely as with claw on heart, the sparrow declared himself guilty of the death of the slaughtered Cock Robin, the newspapers of the world may cry "mea culpa" for a vast increase in the death-rate. Fear predisposes to disease—and as a result of reading the daily death-rate here we are all shaking in our shoes, thinking our turn is come, and preparing to lie down and die to make "copy" for the clients of the Central News Agency. If something is not done and speedily to remedy this state of affairs, there will be journalists hardy enough to survive, but there will be no customers for their newspapers. A society might be founded for the protection of the public from alarmists—or perhaps the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals or the society for the prevention of cruelty to children, might rise up to save the public from being terrorized by dead lists, dead bells, and funeral processions. If not a special society should be organized for the suppression of diseases, or at least, if that is out of the question, for the suppression of the mention of diseases.

The rules would be simple, but effectual in doing away with all the unpleasantness of the present system.

1—No coughing or sneezing to be allowed in public.

2—No complaints of head, heart, or other aches to be made except to an official.

3—No person of unnatural complexion—pale or rubicund—to walk abroad.

4—No persons to allow themselves to be hurt, run over, or killed in public, under pain of being punished with the full penalty prescribed by the law. After this—the deluge—for the alarmist journalist.

***

The election of three associates to fill the vacant places in the Royal Academy took place on Wednesday with the result that Mr. Stanhope Forbes, Mr. J. J. Jackson, and Mr. H. Bates have now the privilege of writing A. R. A. after their names. In compliance with the suggestion of the president who, on account of the death of Dr. Leighton, was not able to attend, a member was elected to represent each of the branches of painting, sculpture, and architecture.

***

Mr. Stanhope Forbes, whose paintings have of late made his name well-known, is the nephew of Mr. J. S. Forbes, chairman of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway Co., and brother to Mr. Wm. Forbes, was continental manager on the same railway. Mr. Forbes was educated at Dulwich, and pursued his art studies at Kensington, the Royal Academy Schools, and afterwards in Belgium. He has made his head-quarters for painting at Newly, where he became acquainted with Miss Elizabeth Armstrong, another artist, to whom he was married in 1889. Mr. J. G. Jackson is another R. A. elect. Mr. Bates's name is seen on many fine pieces of sculpture, among others, a splendid study of hounds in leash, exhibited at the Royal Academy a little while ago.

***

Messrs. Lawrence and Bullen have new books to suit all tastes. "Adrift in America" is a record of work and adventure in the States by Cecil Roberts, and "Land Travel and Seafaring," a journal of a voyage to Australia, by Mr. Morley Roberts—both good books to give discontented young fellows as a cure for their longing to emigrate. Those who think they will find life all beer and skittles abroad will learn from the adventures of the brothers what it is to be on short rations of every thing as well as bear and skittles. Besides a volume of poems "Songs of Energy" the versatile Mr. Morley Roberts has written "King Billy of Ballarat and other Stories," a book which has too much of the flavour of the campfire and cockpit to suit every taste, but as the tales are smartly told and the type is splendid, it may beguile a dull journey or shorten a rainy day at home.

***

The newly-translated tales of Madame D'Aulnoy, illustrated by Clinton Peters, and with an introduction by Mrs. Richmond Ritchie (Miss Thackeray) will not only please children, but also those whose memories of happy early days are in danger of growing dim. In the midst of the hurry and fuss of business now-a-days, it will do most people good to return for a time to that untroubled past—to the time when life was full of illusions when we fall in love with fairy princes,—when we sat waiting by the water-side for the coming of a beneficent frog—when in busy gentle pussy we saw a princess in disguise.

***

If there is magic in the world that will take us back to that time to hear again the Fairy Bells, to be waited on by invisible attendants to believe once more in the omnipotence of fairy god-mothers it is to be found in Madame D'Aulnoy's Fairy Tales, with Mr. Clinton Peters' quaintly graceful pictures.

***

Of the making and telling of stage anecdotes there is no end. Mr P. McArthur tells a good one in *Harper*. It deals with a young and nervous actor who has made a terrible mess of his part—"When the uproar was its highest, one of his disgusted auditors flung a cabbage-head at him As it fell on the stage the actor picked it up and stepped forward to the footlights. He raised his hand to command silence, and when his tormentors paused to hear what he had to say, exclaimed pointing to the cabbage-head:—"Ladies and gentlemen, I expected to please you with my acting, but I did not expect that any one in the audience would lose his head over it. He was allowed to proceed without further molestation."

***

Another union of European aristocracy and American wealth, according to a usually well-informed correspondent, is about to take place in the marriage of the Duc de la Rochefoucauld to Miss Mitchell, daughter of U. S. Senator Mitchell, of Oregon. The wedding is to take place in Paris, and the wedded pair will live for a time in the Rue des Bassins. The Duc de la Rochefoucauld, as is generally known, is one of the few of the old *noblesse* who has great estate and a high position, and his family is indeed one of the most aristocratic in Europe. Senator Mitchell enjoys a high position in the Republican party. His house in Washington is a centre of social life, and his wealth is very considerable."

***

Dr. Gustave Simon, the son and literary collaborator of M. Jules Simon, has much to say in the *Revue de Famille* on the "Abuse of the Mirror":—Do not consider what I say here to be merely a jest or a fancy. The mirror has its influence on health as it has on *coquetterie*. The nervous, faddy, hypochondriacal woman creates maladies, and augments existing ones, in submitting to the domination of her mirror, which she invokes as a witness and consults as a physician. If she can free herself from this, she diminishes her nervousness, her anxiety, her absorption in herself, which compel her, by always looking into the glass, to analyse and question herself concerning the least changes in her face and the faintest sensations she may have. . . . Briefly the mirror should only tell you whether your toilette is neat, and whether you follow the rules of hygiene; if it becomes an instrument by means of which you augment your maladies and your nervousness, exaggerate your fads and indulge in your hypochondria, abandon it at once. Look at yourself from the distance in a glass, if you like, but do not go near it.

***

A Russain officer has just handed to Prince George of Greece, at Athens, the stick with which the Prince averted the blow aimed at the Czarevitch in Tokio. The stick is entirely covered with gold, bears the monogram of the Czar, and is surmounted by the Imperial Crown. It also has the inscription, "To Prince George, for valour."

ESSAYS ON COMMON THEMES.—No. 1.

Homo sum nihil humani a me alienum puto.

THE mark of large minds is a comprehensive sympathy; in proportion as the capacity for entering vividly into the situations, the conditions, the temptations, joys, sorrows, strength, and weakness, not only of our friends, but of every man, woman, or child, whose life riddle may be laid before us is great or small, so is our mental outlook narrow or expansive. Plasticity, a readiness to receive and assimilate impressions from every type, to observe, classify, and utilize every thought and action that makes a part, however small in the problem of human life and human conduct, distinguishes minds of high quality. Moral rigidity, fixed standards, the small cast-iron moulds into which every action must be made to fit, without regard to the nature of its birth and development, or be thrown on one side as unworthy or contaminating, these are the equipment of the bigot or the fool. This world in which to-day we live and breathe the air, bask in the sunlight, or question the silent stars in their stately beauty and mysterious majesty; this strange world with its hurrying passions, its sin, its shame, its triumphs, and its glories, of which the record reaching back from the electric cable, the railroad and the morning paper to the days when men clad in skins disputed the sovereignty of forest, plain and stream with the beasts of the field, at length eludes our aching eyes—what is it but one large book, written in one large character, with man, man only, you and I long suffering, sinning, striving, struggling, rejoicing man for its every letter yet with the same pieces, the same rules inflexible and eternal, the combinations are inexhaustible. The same action wears a different face to-day, from that under which it charmed or horrified a Brutus or an Eleogabalus. The subtle transmuting effects of mental evolution have to be reckoned with; the climates of thought change as surely as the glacial period has made place for the modern world. So that although there is a kind of truth in the trite saying "There is nothing new under the sun," it is a truth that without liberal qualifications may become wholly a lie. For while things and persons may remain substantially the same, old and unchanging as the granite rocks and the restless seas, their aspects in relation to individuals and the life of which each individual is an inseparable part, as well as the manner which they fit in with the problems of the present and affect their solution change from day to day and from hour to hour. Creeds and formulæ may sustain the weak, but they cannot be sufficient until they are universal. Just as they conflict and exclude each other limiting the sympathies of those who profess them to infinitesimal sections, do they hang a veil before the eyes and operate as a serious defect of the mental vision. This principle is lucidly recognized in the name "Holy Catholic Church"; but what are we to say of its catholicity? Genius will have none of creeds and dogmas; before it lies the book of fate; the writing is plain to be read, the lessons easy to learn. That wide compassion, that gentle indulgence which denotes spirits of a large growth, is only to be attained by a constant and vivid realization of man's brotherhood; of the solemn and impressive fact that the lot of any one man might be one's own. Goethe with his essentially human and catholic genius said that he had never heard of the crime which he might not under like circumstances have committed. There is no sorrow, no shame, recorded of man, in which you or I ought not with sad reverence and humility to feel the sting. So too our hearts may justly glow with generous enthusiasm and a sense of personal participation in the bright and noble achievements of the world's benefactors. In these too we have our part and the contemplation of them is one of the solaces and inspiring influences of life. Is man then nothing more than the creature of circumstance, a straw on the stream, a rudderless boat, cast adrift on the limitless ocean? No surely. That is the cry of weak despair. It is for us to fashion circumstances, not to be their slave.

The irresolute and the coward timorously glancing over the stormy chaos of life and fate and the curtain which shrouds the great hereafter inexorably from mortal eyes, flings himself for rest and safety into the bosom of some infallible church. He distrusts his own powers; he must have something like a personal guarantee that while all the rest go to wreck and ruin his safety it to be secured. It is not that he believes, so much as that he wishes to believe. He would separate himself from his brethren and serenely contemplate their destruction. But this can never be. Our reason, like our eyes, was given to us for use; not to be apprenticed to a shameful servitude. What should we say of a teacher who bade us while [illegible] progress, what followed. [illegible] a pleuse, but upon a perilous mountain pass where a false step meant death, to close them and walk blindly forward? Yet the analogy between such an one and him who advocates a faith not founded on reasoned conclusions is surprisingly close. But in taking our standpoint on the universality of human nature and preparing to view the mechanism of life and if possible penetrate its design from experience rather than a priori theories, we must guard against the danger of pessimism. The dominant note of mortality is the note of sadness and unsatisfied desire. Turn where we will it re-echoes in our ears; it asserts itself in the reverberations of sea waves, in the sighing of winds through the pine woods, even in the summer calm of a flower spangled field it is not wholly absent. We feel that we are weighted with the weight of the dead ages with all their transient triumphs and unattained longings. When the earth is at its fairest and the wine sparkles most brightly in the cup of life, the thought that this cannot be eternal, that the sweetest joys are shortest lived, fills the mind with unwelcome bitterness. "Linquenda tellus et domus et placens, Uxor neque harum quas colis arborum Te praeter invisas cupressos ulla brevem dominum sequetur." The joys of life, even when we have them seem so transient, and so rare; the griefs so many and so overwhelming that the mind has need to brace herself and practise an unshaken fortitude in facing without flinching the problem of good and evil. In every poet or man of genius we see the struggle going on under the surface. Plato declared that melancholy was inseparable from genius. These great lone spirits, on the highest peaks of thought peering with anxious eyes into the past, and turning baffled from the future, have seen so much in the story of man that is saddening, that with all their nobility and steadfastness they cannot escape a corresponding tinge of sorrow. Yet with genial hands linked across the centuries they have passed on the torch of wisdom; nor has the sacred flame been suffered to expire. For if a contemplation of man in the aggregate is not altogether a cheerful study, yet it has its compensations.

The path we are treading, thousands have trod before us; the misgivings which afflict us have afflicted thousands before us; the bereavements which appear to us intolerable have already been borne by thousands; the joys we experience gain an added zest from the thought that they are a common inheritance shared by thousands of the great and the good. And it has also this to recommend it, that it reduces the sterilizing effects of selfishness. If we are bowed down with a great sorrow, as must usually happen to every man once at least in a lifetime, we are too apt to wrap ourselves up in our grief and force ourselves to believe that no one has ever suffered as we are called upon to suffer. Brother, look up! let your eye take a wider range. Are there not many at this very hour in worse case? Follow back the course of man's history, have there not been millions, burdened with a grief as deep as thine? They have borne it; some with weak wailings; some in stern silence. Time has passed over them, as the sea washes over the sands, obliterating every trace of them and their sorrows. To link oneself firmly with the whole of mankind, is to be free from much that most deeply pains an isolated and selfish spirit. For we see that through a progress of tears, individual suffering, of many efforts, many failures, the race moves onwards. If we are inclined to faint and relinquish our struggle to assist the causes of man; it is after all no great matter. Others, and better men, have fainted and fallen out of the ranks before us. But their places have been taken, and no one has missed them for long. It is a flaw deeply ingrained in man's nature that he can scarcely help attaching an enormously exaggerated importance to everything which affects himself, losing sight of the cardinal fact that he is but a tiny unit in a vast and complex whole. And the more that we dwell upon a sense of our own injuries or our own merits, the further are we carried out of sympathy with the entire body. Like an atrophied member we clog instead of assisting the circulation of good blood. This also is to be remembered that in forming our views of life we must allow for the greater prominence which is given to the miseries and tragedies of existence over those peaceful lives which begin and end without great events. It is probably an unconscious neglect in rigidly observing this proportion which disposes even the noblest mind to sadness if not to pessimism. Rightly considered there is in the aggregate more pleasure than pain in man's existence, though the former, partaking as it does of the nature of an equable climate, the latter of a violent storm, our attention is too much concentrated on the abnormal manifestation. The true rule of life is to suffer with those that suffer, to rejoice with those that do rejoice but it preserve yourself from allowing this large sympathy to obscure one's own sense of personal dignity, or to dwarf one's own ideals Thus shall a man recognising his common brotherhood be prepared for any fortune, his work being in so far as circumstances assail himself "Lentus in præsens animus quod ultra est Oderit curare et amara lento temperet risu. Nihil est ab omni parte beatum."

EREMITE.

THE BAGPIPES AND THE RELIEF OF LUCKNOW.

THE following extract from the *Illustrated London News*, of December 19, 1857, ought to go some way to settling the discussion that has recently taken place on the Jessie Brown incident at the relief of Lucknow. It has been contended that it was not likely that the relieving column, under General Havelock, would have been marched into action to the strains of the bagpipes, on the ground that it would have indicated their position to the enemy, and, considering the hot work that was before them, would have been running unnecessary risk. In the light of the extract that is given here, the matter ought to be readily placed beyond dispute, for if the incident of drinking Jessie Brown's health at the officers' banquet whilst the pipers marched round the table, playing "Auld Lang Syne" did occur there must still be some living who remember the incident.

"The following singular account of the manner in which the inmates of the Lucknow Residency became aware of the coming succour on the 29th September, is by a lady, one of the rescued party:—'Death stared us in the face. We were fully persuaded that in twenty-four hours all would be over. The engineers had said so, and all knew the worst. We women strove to encourage each other, and to perform the light duties which had been assigned to us, such as conveying orders to the batteries, and supplying the men with provisions, especially cups of coffee which we prepared day and night. I had gone out early and make myself useful in company with Mrs. Brown, the wife of a corporal, in my battalion regiment. Poor Jessie had been in a state of restless excitement all through the siege, and had fallen away visibly within the last few days. A constant fever consumed her and her mind wandered occasionally, especially on that day, when the recollection of home seemed powerfully present to her. At last overcome with fatigue she lay down on the ground wrapped up in her plaid. I sat beside her promising to awaken her when as she said 'her father should return from the ploughing.' She at length fell into profound slumber, motionless and apparently breathless, her head resting to my lap. I myself could no longer resist the inclination to sleep in spite of the continual roar of cannon. Suddenly I was aroused by a wild unearthly scream close to my ear, my companion stood upright beside me, her arms raised, and her head bent forward in the attitude of listening. A look of intense delight broke over her countenance, she grasped my hand, drew me towards her, and exclaimed, 'Dinna, ye hear it? Dinna, ye hear it? Ay, I'm no dreamins, its the Slogan o' the Highlanders! We're saved! we're saved!' Then flinging herself on her knees she thanked God with passionate fervour. I felt utterly bewildered: my English ears heard only the roar of the artillery, and I thought my poor Jessie was still raving, but she darted to the batteries, and I heard her cry incessantly to the men, 'Courage! hark to the Slogan—to the Macgregor, the grandest of them a'!' Here's help at last.' To describe the effect of these words upon the soldiers would be impossible. For a moment they ceased firing, and every soul listened in intense anxiety. Gradually there arose a murmur of bitter disappointment, and the wailing of the women, who had flocked out, began anew as the Colonel shook his head, our dull lowland ears heard nothing but the rattle of the musketry. A few moments more of this death-like suspense of this agonising hope, and Jessie, who had again sunk on the ground sprang to her feet and cried in a voice so clear and piercing that it was heard along the whole line, 'Will ye no believe it noo? The Slogan has ceased indeed, but the Campbells are comin'! D'ye hear, d'ye hear?' At that moment we seemed indeed, to hear the voice of God in the distance when the bagpipes of the Highlanders brought us tidings of deliverance, for now there was no longer any doubt of the fact. That shrill penetrating ceaseless sound, which above all other sounds, would come neither from the advance of the enemy nor from the work of the Sappers. No, it was indeed the blast of the Scottish bagpipes, now shrill and harsh as threatening vengeance on the foe, then in softer tones seeming to promise succour to those friends in need. Never surely was there such a scene as that which followed, not a heart in the Residency of Lucknow but bowed itself before God. All, by one simultaneous impulse, fell upon their knees, and nothing was heard but bursting sobs and the murmured voice of prayer. They all arose, and there rang out from a thousand lips a great shout of joy which resounded far and wide and lent new vigour to that blessed bagpipe. To our cheer of 'God save the Queen,' they replied in the well-known strain that moves every Scot to tear, 'Should auld acquaintance be forgot,' &c. After that nothing else has made any impression on memory; it is all a confused jumble of sensations, of which the most vivid was the joyous entrance into the fort, and at the officers' banquet her health was drunk by all present, while the pipers marched round the table, playing once more the familiar air of 'Auld Lang Syne.'"

NOTES FROM BARODA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, FEB. 14.

I AM informed that it has been the earnest wish of his Highness the Gaekwar for some time past to grant a constitution to Municipal institutions in his State. At present the whole burden of charges on account of the Gaekwaree Municipalities is borne by the general revenue. As a beginning, the system of nominating a body of governing members, of whom some are to be selected from the non-official community, is, I hear, to be tried, as an experimental measure. A draft of the Municipal Act is, therefore, prepared, and it will soon be settled. It is said to be on the lines of the District Municipal Act in force in the British Dominions.

Shreemant Raghowjee Raje Bhonsle, with several hundreds of followers, left for Bombay, on Friday last. His brother Shreemant Laxumonrao Raje, the bridegroom, with his newly-wedded young consort, Shreemant Sowbhagvati Bayabai Saheb, and suite, followed them this afternoon by passenger train. During their stay at Baroda, the two Raje Bhonsles were very hospitably entertained by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and also by his Highness the Maharaja Saheb personally at dinner-parties, satmar, vajra, mushti, wrestling matches, and other feats, &c. They were presented with rich and costly *poshaqs* and other things. The Baroda bankers also entertained them. His Excellency the Senapati Saheb, a noble man of good nature and singularly popular, feasted the Brahmins of this city in conformity with the now time-honoured practice in vogue here. The Durana and other gifts to the priestly class vouchsafes benediction, so as to counteract evil influences of spirits, and serves as a security against dangers to happy days and long life, to the fortunate married couples.

Rao Bahadur Janardhunpunt Sacaram Gadgil, B.A., LL.B., the Huzur Assistant, has recently retired from the Baroda Civil Service, on good service pension. Not being a native of this place he leaves Baroda shortly, in company with his elder and venerable brother Ved Shastra Sampana Keshevarao Shastri, a Nemnoukdar of the Baroda Durbar, to spend his future life in repose and retirement in his native place, Vayen, a town on the banks of the sacred Krishna. Hence Mr. Gadgil's friends and admirers are feasting and entertaining him at present. Before concluding I might add a word or two about the past career of this high officer, a gentleman who was not long ago a prominent figure here. After taking his degree both in Arts and Law, Mr. Gadgil left his alma mater—the Elphinstone College—of which he was a distinguished alumnus, to take up the duties of a tutor in Logic, History, and Moral Philosophy in the Guzerat Provincial College, at Ahmedab

agreed ; but a maund of gold is enormous. Besides, I have not got the required quantity I am expected to contribute."

The dispute ended by this man rising and washing his hands of any part in the transaction, at which the others did not feel any regret, imagining that in the end a larger share of the proceeds would fall to each of them. Could they have guessed, however, the treachery that was formulating itself in the deserter's brain, it is questionable if they would have felt so comfortable.

Arrangements for the following day completed, the party separated in good spirits, fully expecting a successful termination to their adventure. It was agreed that the cow-dung should be carefully mixed with the gold filings, and deposited in a convenient place, and that it should be watched by the merchants themselves, who should at the same time exercise sufficient caution that they might not be observed by the Chief when he was escorted to the jungle by Piala Shah.

The moon had just made her appearance in the heavens the following evening, when the prince, attired like one of the commonest of his subjects, and carrying a large wicker basket, made his appearance before the hut of the pretended saint. Courtesies having been exchanged, Piala also armed himself with a basket similar to that carried by the Chief, and together they set off for the jungle, where, by the light of the moon, they were able to collect the dung that lay scattered about.

The Chief was beginning to stagger under his load, when Piala said,

"Now, I think, your Highness, we will return. We have sufficient for our purpose. Have you a room in your palace where you could keep this safely under lock and key for a day or perhaps two ? It is valuable, and must not be tampered with."

The Chief was a little alarmed at this proposition, as his words showed.

"Can you not," he asked, "keep the baskets safely in your dwelling ? I have had trouble enough already escaping observation in leaving the palace in this dress, and when I return I will have to steal in again like a thief. What, then, would any of my servants think, did they see me returning in your company carrying on our backs heavy loads of this ill-smelling matter ? What gossip it would cause ! What a tale it would be to circulate through the city !"

"Were any explanation needed," replied the [illegible] you need only say you had certain [illegible]tes to perform, and as I am now well-[illegible]d respected among all your subjects, my [illegible]will satisfy them."

[illegible]hief unwillingly agreed to Piala Shah's [illegible] and took him to the palace, which they [illegible]d in entering by a side-door unobserved, [illegible]ing a room which his Highness thought [illegible]it the saint's purpose.

"Now," said the saint, when they had each deposited their loads, "keep this door securely fastened, and let no one enter till I return. This deposit of the wild cow that we have collected is most valuable, being the best fuel that can be used in making gold. Procure, before to-morrow night, one maund weight of mercury or quicksilver, and I will show you how it may be transformed into the finest of gold."

So saying he went away, only however, to return the following day, bringing with him a crucible, which he said was required for the experiment. They shut themselves up in the room, whither the Chief brought a large vessel containing the quicksilver he had been told by the saint to procure. The crucible being placed on the centre of the floor, which, fortunately for the requirements of the experiment, was of stone, the mercury was poured into it. Then the Chief was told to bring the basket he had filled in the jungle, and taking the material therein pile it over the crucible, which he did ; Piala Shah at the same time packing the fuel from his basket underneath and around the crucible. To that he put lights, and as the fire began to burn he muttered strange incantations which were unintelligible, and therefore sounded mysterious to the Prince.

Now it must be explained that the dung which the Chief had collected, and which had been pointed out to him by the supposed saint, was only that which contained the gold filings, while that which Piala himself had gathered, was old, dry material that would burn readily as fuel. Only that collected by the Chief was packed over the crucible, so that as it grew red-hot the gold melted and ran into the crucible, from which the mercury, by the heat, evaporated. Therefore, when the fakir saw the whole a glowing red mass, he knew the work was complete ; but to mystify his victim still further, he produced a box, from which he drew a dark-coloured, dry root, which, he said, was a piece of *aksir*, and the power of which he explained. Over this he muttered another incantation, accompanied by mysterious gesticulations, and dropped it into the fire. Then he ceased adding any more fuel, allowing the fire to gradually died out. Then clearing away the ashes, he revealed to the astonished gaze of his Highness the crucible almost filled with a mass of pure gold. [illegible] Chief any doubt before, he was now [illegible]nced of the Saint Piala's [illegible] power as an alchemist.

The saint left his Highness to ponder over the [illegible] test and examine the gold as he pleased, and did not appear again till next morning, when addressing the Chief, he said,

"We cannot continue our experiments to-day, nor can I remain any longer in your city in the meantime, as my supply of *aksir*, which is indispensable is finished. I used the last I had in turning your quicksilver into gold last night. Without *aksir*, I can do nothing in ministering to the wants of the poor ; and I must go to the mountains in search of the plant from which I make the *aksir*. I will also, before I return, complete the pilgrimage I am now on ; and then, laden with this precious plant, I will come back, and we will make crores and crores worth of gold, by which your Highness will be able to build such institutions, and so improve the condition of your people, that beggars will disappear, everybody will live in comfort, and your State will be the happiest and most prosperous in all India."

"O wonderful ; O most mighty saint !" exclaimed the Chief in an ecstasy of delight. "How ever shall I reward you for——?"

"My reward" said Piala Shah, interrupting him, "is not on this earth. But if you are desirous of showing your gratitude to the great Prophet, from whom this power comes, by helping me in my work, while I have not the means myself of continuing my relief of the distressed, who come to me in expectation of help, you have now an opportunity ?"

"If you want money," said the Chief unhesitatingly, "say how much you want, and it shall be given you instantly."

"You saw," continued the fakir insinuatingly, feeling his way cautiously before making any proposal, "that I gave away daily very large sums of money, all of which I made by the secret I know of converting quicksilver into gold ?"

He was a most accomplished cheat. He had indeed given away enormous sums of money in full view of his Highness ; but the apparently distressed people were not poor at all, but accomplices.

"When I have been hard pressed by misfortune," he went on, "I have known occasions upon which I have given away in one day lakhs upon lakhs of rupees. I may be absent now about two months, and I may require a crore of rupees."

Before the Chief could express either surprise at the impudence of the demand, or readiness to accede to it, the curtains at the entrance to the room parted, and a servant appeared saying,

"Your Highness, the merchant Hoosein Ali has come."

"Tell him to wait till I am disengaged. I am busy now."

"He is in a great hurry, and much excited ; and wants to see you on a matter of great importance, which concerns your Highness alone."

"Ah, that is a different matter," said his Highness, "I will come now."

The name of Hoosein Ali rather startled the good Saint Piala Shah. Hoosein Ali was the man who had disputed with the other merchants about the required maund of gold filings. What could he want with the Chief ? Could he mean to betray the swindle ? He must see.

He accordingly, putting off his sandals, stealthily followed the Chief out of the room, and stood at the door of another which his Highness entered. He listened. It was the Hoosein Ali he knew. He could recognise his voice. He spoke quickly and excitedly. He was denouncing the Saint Piala Shah as an impostor. He was relating the secret of the converting of the quicksilver into gold. The game was lost ; so was the gold, and the crore of rupees.

The Saint Piala Shah disappeared as mysteriously as he came. As for the dishonest merchants, they thought it best, on receiving a quiet hint from the Chief that it would be dangerous to remain in the city any longer, to take their departure also, leaving behind them their maund of gold.

A novel method of swindling by means of sealed packets will be explained in our next article.

A novel sleighing party was given on one splendid moonlight evening by a St. Louis hostess. It was a "fox chase." The hostess and her escort represented Reynard, their sleigh being adorned with a large stuffed fox hanging over the back and lighted by a blue lantern, which cast a lurid backward glare upon the snow. At the sound of a bugle the other five sleighs started in pursuit over bridges and through the park lanes, the fox being run down at the end of a forty-four minutes' swift and exhilarating drive over the crisp snow under the brilliant moon. The captors were the recipients of the first prize, a handsome silk umbrella and an opera fan.

FLORILINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a pearly pearly-whiteness and a delightful fruitiness to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE OPERATIONS IN UPPER BURMA.

THE TLANG-TLANG COLUMN.

A FORT TREGEAR telegram of 16th February contains the following despatches :—Camp below Tao, 13th February.—A sufficient supply of rations having arrived from Tlang-Tlang, a force composed of two guns, 60 men King's Royal Rifles, 100 rifles Gurhwallis, with Darjeeling coolie and mule transport, left the Lao Var camp on the 12th instant for a ten days' hour to Tao and some other southern Tlang-Tlang villages. The remainder of the column and all our sick were left behind at Lao Var camp under command of Lieutenant Allgood, with Surgeon Graves in medical charge. The permanent post there had nearly been completed, the huts being built of materials obtained from Manilipi and Hrankan. The shelling of Hrankan has had a very salutary effect. In spite of their village being burnt, the Manilipis have paid up four guns as part of the fine imposed upon them, and Hrankan has paid twenty guns, leaving twenty still to pay, which the Chiefs state they will do when the rest of the terrified villagers now hiding in the hills return to the village. We have been able to capture a few more of the escape *mythan* and these have provided us with fresh meat. Taungzan to the north still holds out, and has not sent in its fine of guns. This village will be visited after our present dour.

On the night of the 11th, a party of 20 Gurhwallis, under a Native officer, was sent a few miles up the Taungzan road to hide in the jungle and surprise any armed Taungzam villagers if they came down the road to attack the camp. No one, however, turned up. The march to this camp, 11 miles, was a slow and wearisome one ; the path had been overgrown with tall grass and jungle, and for the last mile or two the road had to be frequently made anew to make it passable for mules, the old cutting through the soft shaly hillsides having quite slipped away in many places. Huge fallen trees obstructed the road in other places. It was a long and hard day for the Pioneers and the advance guard of Gurhwallis, who had to constantly clear the jungle as they went along. We reached camp at 6 P. M. and the rear guard, with the coolies, came in an hour later. The camp was overgrown with tall grass and reeds, and necessitated much cutting and clearing befor, we could settle down for the night. Half way here we were met by a party of Tao villagers, who had 26 guns as part of their fine of 30 guns. Two they had paid at Lao Var camp and the remaining two they paid on our arrival here. Our camp is 3,100 feet high and we are two miles below the village of Tao, which is on a high hill with very difficult approaches and would be hard to take. The Pioneers, under an escort of King's Royal Rifles, are making the road up to the village. The column halts here till the road is finished, when we climb up and camp near the village. Yesterday on the march our signallers succeeded in opening helio communication from the top of the Tao gap with the Fort Tregoar people. Captain Shakespear with a small escort from there meets us at Tao to-morrow if possible. Lieutenant Ainsley, R. E., joined the column before it left Lao Var camp. He is come out to report on the practicability of making a good road over these hills into Chittagong. We have, with the higher regions, left behind us the firs and rhodo-dendrons, and are now descending into the land of bamboos and undergrowth jungle.

14th February, Camp Tao.—The road up the Tao hill is a sheer ascent of a precipitous hill of 1,200 feet. It took the Pioneers nearly the whole day to cut a zigzag up the hill, and a thoroughly hard and exhausting day it proved. The Political Officer managed to get 60 Tao villagers to assist in clearing the dense jungle, to enable the Pioneers to cut the path with greater facility. The column got up to the top of the hill and encamped half a mile below the village, at an elevation of 4,300 feet. It proved, however, a far tougher matter getting the guns and mules over the hills than it was to the khud, and one ammunition box rolled down to the bottom. In some difficult places the loads had to be taken off and carried over the bad bits of road. One transport pony also fell over the khud and was killed. The guns reached camp just as darkness was setting in. Captain Birch deserves great credit for successfully getting his guns up this difficult hill. Major Browne was particularly anxious to bring the guns up to the village to show the people that nothing could stop us, especially as these guns are the only things the Chins really fear.

To-day the column, with the two guns, climbed up to the village where we met Captain Shakespear and his escort of frontier police from Fort Tregear. *During the march up to Tao they found the* path heavily panjied and Mr. Pughe and a bugler were wounded by these panjies, which however, had been put up as a protection against raiders and not for us. Lieutenant Bolleau, R. E., also accompanied the Tregear party, to discuss with Lieutenant Ainsley the best line for a road between Chin and Lushai land. Various frontier matters and disputes were also discussed between Mr. Macnabb and Captain Shakespear. The Tregear party returns to-morrow. As the country we are about to visit is very difficult and unsuited for mules, but is quite friendly, the two guns and all the transport mules go back direct to the Lao Var post, while the rest of the column marches to-morrow to visit the southern villages. We expect to be back at Lao Var in a week's time. On arrival of the guns at [illegible] Taungzan road and also utilise the Pioneers in making the path practicable for the guns, so that matters may be facilitated as much as possible for the advance of the whole column later on.

The health of the column continues good.—*Pioneer.*

SUN SPOTS AND INDIAN FAMINE.

MR. MICHIE SMITH holds that, for the Carnatic at least, the connection between the sun-spots and the rainfall has been clearly proved to exist. Investigations made by the late Mr. Pogson showed that the Madras rainfall varied in a cyclical manner with the period coincident with that of sun-spot variation, the minimum rain-fall coinciding with the epoch of minimum sun-spots. From the complexity of causes on which rainfall depends, it is impossible to say what the rainfall in any one year may be, but it is beyond doubt at the period of minimum sun-spots there is great risk of drought in the Carnatic, and that when once the period of minimum sun-spots is well passed, the risk of drought is also gone. The abundance of sun-spots during the last few months shows that the sun-spot minimum, which on this occasion was a very prolonged one, is now fairly passed, and hence it may fairly be inferred the Carnatic is again entering upon a period of good rain-fall and favourable seasons. The probability is that the present year will resemble 1881 or 1882. The connection between sun-spots and some terrestrial phenomena has again been proved on the present occasion by the powerful earth currents which have showed themselves in all telegraph lines during the past few days, and by the simultaneous disturbance of the magnetic needle.

The spots recently observed by Mr. Smith were not only of great size, but were otherwise specially interesting. One characteristic feature was the existence of very strong cyclonic motion, shown both by the telescope and, still more markedly, by the spectroscope. There is in the Observatory no means of actually measuring velocity in the spots, but a rough estimate shows that a cyclone was probably blowing, with a velocity not less than 100 to 200 miles per second. These spots have now been brought by the rotation of the sun nearly to its edge, and will soon pass round to the side away from the earth ; but several new groups have made their appearance on the other limb.

Lord Wenlock, accompanied by the Honorable G. A. Lascelles, Aide-de-Camp, on Tuesday visited the Observatory, where he was received by Mr. Michie Smith, who showed his Excellency the spots on the sun, and the meteorological instruments. Lord Wenlock spent about an hour at the Observatory.

THE FAMINE DISTRICT.

The following is the return showing the progress of Relief Works, &c., in the districts affected by scarcity :—

RELIEF WORKS.

District.	Period embraced.	Number.	Class.	Number of persons employed during the week on—	Total weekly expenditure on account of— Rs. a. p.
Dharwar.	Week ending 16th January.	4	Extra Local Board Works under Civil Agency.	3,410	381 10 0

Prices of staple grains in lbs. per rupee at head-quarter towns.

	Jowari.	Rice.	Wheat.	Pulse.	General Remarks.
Navalgund....	29 1-5	17 13-10	18½	18	No rain.
Nargund.....	30	18½	19	17½	No cholera.
Gadag	29	17½	19½	18½	Grain supply plentiful.
Mundrgi	30 3-5	17 37-40	16 17-10	15 21-40	No persons received gratuitous relief or were relieved in poor houses during the week.
Ron.....	32½	18	19½	16½	

Telegraphic report for the week ending February 13th for the Belgaum District.

Average prices of jowari 29 and bajri 30 lbs. per rupee. Number of persons employed on relief works under Professional Agency is Gokak Taluka, 166 and children 44 ; on works under Civil Agency in Athni Taluka, 1,084 and children 446. No poor houses or village relief started. No cholera. No rain. Grain supply sufficient.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 19th February, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes
Turkey	19	10	53 a.m.	3	56
Teheran	19	1	29 p.m.	1	34
Suez.....	19	8	a.m.	0	56

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 19th February, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta.....	1	6	—	2
„ Karrachee	..	16	—	1
„ Madras	..	26	—	1

LITERARY DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL.

STAGE STRUCK.

HERE is a pretty story of W. J. Florence, the well-known American actor, who died the other day. Coming out of the theatre in Boston one evening after a performance, a young woman timidly approached him, saying, as he paused to listen : "Mr. Florence, will you tell me where I can come and see you about going on the stage?" Taking in the situation at a glance, the actor replied kindly, "Why, yes ; at the —Hotel to-morrow morning at twelve o'clock." Punctually at that hour the would-be actress was shown in. "You are familiar with some plays, I presume?" questioned Mr. Florence. "Oh, yes," eagerly. "I go to the theatre all I can. I've seen you every time you've been in Boston." "But I mean you have studied some dramatic roles?" pursued the actor. "I—think not," was the hesitating reply. "You can read something, at least, to let me see what you can do?" he tried next. "I can read poetry," answered the girl. "Don't you know some poetry that you can recite?" urged Mr. Florence. Yes, she knew Longfellow's "The Bridge," and she proceeded to give it in a way that it has probably never been given before nor since. There was a moment's silence after she had finished, broken at length by Mr. Florence. "You have a home?" he asked. "Oh, yes." "A mother and father?" "No father, but a mother." "And a lover, may be ?" watching the girl's face keenly. She blushed, and admitted that there was a lover. "Well now, my dear," said Mr. Florence, dismissing her, "I can spare you no more time this morning. Leave me your name and address, and you shall hear from me very soon." The girl complied, and before her footsteps had died away in the hall the actor was seated at a table writing. The next day, with a handsomely-framed picture of Mr. Florence, there was delivered to the aspirant for histrionic effort, this note :—" Dear Miss —— : Stay with your mother, marry your lover, and play leading lady on the home stage, where you are fitted to shine in [illegible]omanliness. Be assured, my dear young friend, [illegible]e other stage to which you aspire you would [illegible]out of place as a mouse in a ball-room.—Sincerely yours, WILLIAM J. FLORENCE."

THE BURNS ANNIVERSARY.

The anniversary of Robert Burns, patron saint of them that dwell north of the Tweed, was fitly celebrated on Monday, January 25. Among others, Mr. Andrew Lang made some remarks to the members of the Edinburgh Burns Club, which were both critical and enthusiastic. It appears that persons—Scotch persons too—have been depreciating Burns. They think that some of his patriotic songs—even the famous "Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled"—are rantin', roarin' things and they observe that his non-dialect poems are affected. Mr. Lang seems to agree with this criticism. But he says, and says truly, that for kindliness, for homely generosity and nobility of sentiment, for genuine unaffected humour and for much of the spontaneous music of the true singer, you will not easily match the Ayrshire ploughman. And Mr. Lang thinks it was as well that he died a hundred years ago. "Had Burns been living to-day, would the world that lay around him have been so fit to inspire him with song? The mirth, the sport, the tradition are "a' weda awa." London would inevitably have sucked him into its dirty and disastrous Corrieveckan. He would have battered at the door of the theatre, he might have scribbled articles for the press and drunk in Fleet Street, and contributed verses to the magazines." On the other hand, it is quite possible that he might have been a fashionable man of letters, a prosperous literary tradesman. In that case it is probable that Robert would not have written :

"Had we never loved sae kindly,
Had we never loved sae blindly."

SCOTT'S HEROINES.

A correspondent to the "Atlantic Monthly" who has been analysing Sir Walter Scott's novels, and studying more particularly his heroines, writes :—Out of thirty heroines, sixteen are distinctly described as under twenty. Of the other fourteen, six are undated. This leaves us eight, three of whom are set down as over twenty ; two start at one side of the line and are carried over to the other ; two are by implication rather than by the intention of the author taken out of their "teens ;" and one, Amy Robsart, is a heroine "of an uncertain age," since she is historically a middle-aged matron, and fictitiously a youthful bride. Of the six undated, the presumption is altogether in favour of the earlier age. A member once entertained the writer with the statement that nearly all Scott's heroines are motherless. They are girls who have grown up in the companionship of uncles or fathers, older men, and with an early responsibility of thought and action. They have had to plan their own wardrobes and decide upon their own conduct toward their lovers. Some of them have been behind the scenes of stirring political events ; nearly all have been thrown into situations where they had to think for themselves, to act with decision, and in general to fill the whole duty of heroines. The heroines of Scott are, some of them, only lay figures, but at least, so far as they have character, they are women, and they justify the deeds which are done to win them.

A FRENCH AUTHOR'S VIEWS ON ENGLISH NOVELISTS.

M. Zola has confided to a contributor to "The Albemarle" his views on the subject of English novelists. The author of "L' Assommoir" confesses that he only knows these writers through the medium of translations ; but that did not prevent his expressing some very decided opinions. Dickens and Scott he holds to be the "most appreciated" in France ; but this he attributes mainly to the fact that they can be put into the hands of any young person. Dickens he considers is "a great poet in many ways." He is also less English than most English writers, which is a view that certainly would not occur to an English reader. But [illegible] M. Zola's estimation "ignored all the greater side of man—love and the great emotions of life, and knew nothing about women." As to Scott, M. Zola "with an impatient wave of the hand" dismissed him as coming under the description of "Boarding School Literature." A mention of Thackeray caused M. Zola to shrug his shoulders. "Deeper than Dickens ; but so difficult to understand—so English." George Eliot, it appears, does not excite in M. Zola the slightest admiration. She has been "lauded to the skies" in France by Brunetiere and the Academic party, but she gives M. Zola the impression that she has no knowledge of humanity but what she has gained through books. He was curious to know whether anybody in England really thinks much of "The Mill on the Floss." With the proposition that Dickens, Thackeray, and George Eliot together are "not worth the great creations of Buissac," and an exhortation to his visitor to cultivate patience, since "tout vient a qui saitecotiendre," M. Zola appears to have brought the interview to an end.

JEAN INGELOW.

Miss Jean Ingelow, on being recently interviewed by the representative of a ladies' journal, gave some interesting particulars of her career. She is the daughter of a banker, and was born in Lincolnshire, being one of a family of eleven children. "My favourite retreat," said the poetess, "was a lofty room in the old house, where there was a low window which overlooked the river. The windows had the good oldfashioned shutters which folded back against the walls. I would open these shutters and write my verses and songs on them, and then fold them back again. My mother came in one day and discovered them ; many of them were transmitted to paper and preserved." It is to Miss Ingelow's brother, with whom she lives at Kensington, that we are largely indebted for the publication of her first volume of poems. "He offered to contribute to have the MSS. printed, and my mother went with me to the publisher's (Mr. Longman.) He was most kind, and took the matter up warmly. In the first year four editions of a thousand copies each were sold, and this first volume has been republished again and yet again, until it has reached its twenty-sixth edition."

CARDINAL MANNING'S LETTERS.

The "Athenæum" has authority to state that the literary executors of the late Cardinal Manning are the Very Rev. Dr. Butler and the Rev. H. Bayley, members of the congregation of the Oblates of St. Charles. The Cardinal has left no autobiography ; but there are a great number of letters from men famous in Church and State arranged in a row of red boxes at Archbishop's House, many of them dating back to his Anglican years. In addition to the letters of his correspondents there are a number of his own, which were returned to him from time to time, generally by executors of departed friends. The letters also which he wrote to Mr. Gladstone during the earlier years of their intimacy, Mr. Gladstone, when he was making a general arrangement of his papers some two years ago, returned to the Cardinal, remarking, "I do not forget old days." These will be arranged for publication in due course, but probably not without some delay.

"TO THE MOURNERS."

Lord Tennyson contributes to the February number of the "Nineteenth Century" seventeen lines of black-verse on the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale. The poem is addressed to "The Mourners," bidding them to be of good comfort, because, if the Earth is ruled by Perfect Love, Death—to use the Apostle's language—is swallowed up in Victory. The composition is a kind of unrhymed sonnet, with a prelude of three lines followed by the usual divisions of eight and six lines respectively. It is not all of beaten gold, but in the concluding portion there is a fine image of the relationship between the end of a finite career and the ceaseless progress of the ages :

The face of Death is toward the Sun of Life ;
His shadow darkens Earth ; his truer name
Is "Onward."

THE CHURCH AND THE STAGE.

"There is a dramatic instinct in human nature," says the Bishop of Winchester, in "Good Words." Moreover, Dr. Thorold acknowledges that men must have their recreation, and that "without dispute," in the long winter nights, "the place where it ought to be found is a wholesome, well-conducted theatre." The article is sufficiently indicative of the change that has come over the attitude of the Church towards the play-house within the memory of many among us. Dr. Thorold would appear, however, to be of opinion that the time has not come for the appearance of Bishops in the stalls. "While he adds) we presume to pass judgment on no one who frequents the theatre, when we stand apart ; while we hope for the time when a purified drama may become the safe and elevating resource of all Englishmen, clergy and laity, young and old ; nay, while we will do what we can each in his own way, to help that time on, the hour has not yet struck when it is accurate to say that to frequent the theatre by those who dislike its tone, but appreciate its opportunity, would of itself help to mitigate or diminish its evils." The Church, if it took to playgoing would, he thinks, "simply become more worldly, and society more demoralised."

INTERNATIONAL THEATRICAL EXHIBITION.

Great preparations are already in progress at Vienna for the International Theatrical Exhibition organised by the Princess de Metternich. A large theatre is being specially constructed on the Prater for the international performances ; but the Committee, presided over by the Marquis Pallavicini, has not decided as to whether these representations are to be confined to regular theatrical companies, or extended to the enterprises of individuals.

THE LAST OF THE DEFOES.

The last lineal descendant of Daniel Defoe, the author of "Robinson Cru-oe," lives at Bishops Stortford, and is in receipt of outdoor relief from the Chelmsford Union. He is in his seventy-first year and is paralysed and nearly blind. James W. Defoe, for that is the name of the poor old man, had three sons, each of whom was christened Daniel. Two of them died, and the third is a sailor. His last letter to his father was dated from Iquique, Chili.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

"HER HIGHNESS THE AMERICAN WOMAN."

MAX O'RELL has been lecturing at Brooklyn on "Her Highness the American Woman," and has little to say about her that is not highly complimentary. "What strikes the foreigner most forcibly," he says, "is the absence of stupid faces. American women are typical. They are unlike any other women I know. Their beauty, physically speaking, is great, but we foreigners are more struck by the frankness of their eyes, the naturalness of their emotions, and their general genuineness. So far as I can discover, your American girls are given almost every liberty. They take the others. And why not ? I have never discovered in the American woman the slightest trace of gratitude to man. In fact, I have thought I detected a shade of contempt. Perhaps it is because you treat them with such profound respect." Referring to that finished product, the learned young woman, he adds : One of her charms is that she does not make a guy of herself. France and England have their learned women, but their learning has made guys of them as a rule, and when you see one of them in a drawing-room you walk the other way, if you can decently do so. Your American learned woman remains a woman in spite of her learning. She dresses well and tries to look as well as she can, not to please the men—oh, no !—but to please herself. If I had to be born again and could choose my sex and place of birth, I would shout at the top of my voice, 'Make me an American woman !'"

EXPENSIVE CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

A very curious fact, and one of which very few people are aware, has been the result (says the Vegetarian)" of the fashion this season of using the fine silky wool of the Mongolian sheep for trimmings for cloaks. The demand has been so great that garments already made up have been diverted from their original purpose, and with every cargo from Tientsin come a number of those coarsely-made, shapeless garments (something like an ulster coming down to the feet), made of lambskin with the wool turned inside, which were originally intended for the very poorest of the Mongolian and Thibetan peasants. The price of one of these rude cloaks in the villages of North China is a few shillings ; when sold in London is about £8, and when cut into strips and put upon ladies' cloaks is estimated to fetch about £30. All unconscious as they sit in the delicate warmth of these expensive and luxurious wraps, are our ladies that this adornment was originally intended for the covering of a rude peasant, whose total annual income is about one-third the price his cloak has fetched ! The "Vegetarian" considers this a fair example of the difference between what is called the necessary destruction of animals to sustain human life, and their unnecessary slaughter to gratify luxury or fashion.

MATERIALS FOR MOURNING.

Serge, vicuna, vigogne, and chevit are the materials for mourning wear. In the skirts there is not much variety ; the bodices are mostly short, and there is much winding of ribbon, both satin and velvet, about the waist. As a consequence of this fulness is added to the upper part of the sleeve and the bodice. One dress (seen at Messrs. Jay's in Regent-street) has wide draped revers and full puff upper sleeves ; a flat-pointed vest of velvet peeps demurely out from between the loose sable folds and a double file of jet buttons form a glittering pathway down the bodice. In another, big square revers, edged with a narrow silk ruche and a cravat bow of fine dim lace, have a similar becoming effect. Among the newest things in jackets and bonnets, a jacket with wide mediæval sleeves and quaint cape-like draperies calls for notice. The combination of the stiff gauntlet cuff with the loose artistic upper sleeve was one of those surprises which fashion employs in order to produce an effect. A Princess-shaped bonnet, whereon coarse white lace adorned with jets spread itself flatly on a black ground, and airy lace contracted with solid velvet ribbon above, was novel and pretty. A black ship bonnet, its brim twisted into a extraordinary whorl with white violets doing their best to fill up the crevices, was equally new, yet scarcely so becoming.

TALL GIRLS NOW FASHIONABLE.

A society journal observes that tall girls are now "in." They have been getting fashionable for some time past, and they are "now all the rage." The days of the "petite," frail, clinging girl are very nearly over : and her place is being surely taken by what lady novelists call "daughters of the gods," because they are "divinely tall and most divinely fair." In the future we are likely to see less of airy, fairy Lillian that of Juno. Indeed, it seems quite likely that before so very long the Anglo-Saxons will have become a race of majestic women and puny men ; for our men certainly do not improve in physique. Nor is it difficult to find the reason. The middle-class girl has, as a rule, nothing to do but play lawn-tennis ; take long walks and otherwise develop her muscles, whereas her brother, long before he is out of his teens, gets himself into a stuffy office, and stops there all day, with occasional excursions to restaurants. The result is that she grows tall, straight, and graceful ; and grows for three or four years after he has stopped growing. If we continue like this there will be no possible question in the next generation which is the weaker vessel.

A PRETTY TABLE COVER.

Those fortunate women who have a large amount of spare time to devote to what is generally known as fancy-work speedily exhaust the ordinary resources, and are at a loss to find some other novelty with which to pass away a wet and weary afternoon. Now, I have been engaged in making a table cover for a friend who has very little time for that kind of work herself. The cover is no "drawing-room" affair—just a neat useful addition to an every-day room—as, perhaps, some of my readers would like to make a similar one themselves, I give the directions in as simple a form as [illegible] a small, neat [illegible] colouring. Sew round a border of dark grey or drab linen—the material of which bodices are sometimes lined with will do very well. Fringe this pretty deeply ; and to cover the seam, sew on a band of black, dark, red or green velvet, about an inch wide, ornamenting this with a row of feather stitch in gold coloured silk. This cover will last a long time, and is a very inexpensive one to replace.

HOW TO MAKE THE RUSSIAN BLOUSE.

The Russian bodice par excellence, now generally termed a Russian blouse, is made upon the following lines :—The back hangs loose from the centre of the neck in a box-pleat, and the front is also loose with just a pleat or two below the waist to give it some pretence at fitting, which pleats are hidden beneath a girdle ; in length it is rather more than that conventionally known as "three-quarter," and the basque is full and edged right round with either fur or feather trimming. The sleeves have loose puffs almost reaching the elbows on the top, and somewhat shorter beneath the arms, and are trimmed round the edge to match the basque. In "Liberty" velveteen these blouses are especially successful, and in heliotrope, with borders of racoon, one of them might be charmingly contrived as tea-gown.

QUEEN AND HER GOVERNESS.

A Hague correspondent narrates a pretty story of the young Queen Wilhelmina, which shows that her Majesty is not behindhand in giving proof of a keen sense of humour. Her English governess had set her to draw a map of Europe as a punishment for some misbehaviour on her part. (Even young Queens are punished !) The little lady drew the map very neatly ; but when she handed it to Miss Saxton Winter, it was seen that the British Isles had been put in on a greatly reduced scale, so that they appeared to be about half the size of the Netherlands. This was the little Queen's revenge on her English instructress.

"COFFEE AND TALK."

In America there is a rage for the German "Kaffeeklatsch," where hostesses assemble their women friends to enjoy "coffee and talk" and delight them with the artistic arrangement of their rooms and the wealth of flowers without which no American lady seems able to exist. On a recent occasion, the coffee table was [illegible] beautifully set with exquisite china, yellow roses and violets being the chosen flowers for the decorations. The candles in the large silver candelabra were painted to the tone of the violets, and had gilt shades. The wafers and vanilla sticks were tied up with lavender and yellow ribbons, the cakes iced in lavender colour and garnished with fresh violets, and the ices served in the shape of purple lilacs and yellow waterlilies.

A PIN MONEY FUND.

Vassar, the women's college in America, possesses what is known as a pin-money fund. Some New Yorkers not long ago gave to it a sum to be used exclusively for pleasure. Every year there are girls whose brains have gained them free scholarships, but who have to depend on their darning baskets for money to cover their incidental expenses. The parties which are constantly made up for lectures, concerts, operas, readings, field sports, and country excursions would be out of their reach were they not able to draw on the pin-money fund for expenses and nobody but the "Lady of Vassar" and the Treasurer is any the wiser.

THE QUEEN'S OLD DRESSES.

I was recently amused (writes a society correspondent) by the decidedly remarkable statement that the Queen never permitted under any circumstances any of her old dresses to be disposed of, and that there are huge wardrobes at Windsor in which are stored away literally thousands of Her Majesty's discarded gowns ! This is a queer mistake. They are kept a few months and then distributed amongst various persons connected with the wardrobe department of the Royal Household, who use the dresses themselves or give them to their friends.

DANCING IN FRANCE.

Dancers in France respect the first intimation made by the young lady that the dance is finished, and take her back to her chaperon, thanking her, with a low bow. A "demoiselle" must never be seen to converse intimately with her partner. No two young people are expected to dance often with each other at a first ball. All this is altered the moment the girl is married, when she is expected to flirt, if she wishes.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE WOMAN.

Mr. Labouchere's latest opinion with regard to woman : "Women are, in truth, incomprehensible creatures and capable of anything ; by turns angels and demons. And there are men who would allow them to vote ! I would sooner give children razors and revolvers to play with." A representative woman's opinion of Mr. Henry Labouchere would doubtless be equally flattering—if that gentleman is to be taken seriously, which is doubtful.

BEAUTY PATCHES.

The custom of wearing black patches to make the skin seem fairer came, it is said, from the habit of applying, in the sixteenth century, pieces of black velvet or other dark stuff to the temples for the headache. A fashionable coquette discovered that these were becoming, and brought them into use in France, whence the custom spread into Europe. They were worn not only by women, but by exquisites and the clergy, though their use was not general among men.

THE INNOCENTS OF THE HAREM.

European Ladies are often invited to visit the harem of the rich Moors in Morocco. [illegible] some time ago—so the story goes—one of the [illegible] a beautiful young girl—fainted at the [illegible] of the lady visitors removing [illegible] The young girl thought she was remov[illegible] from her hand, and the sight [illegible] at it was some time before [illegible] ness.

THE FUTURE [illegible]

Is it possible that the [illegible] cording to a correspondent [illegible] wear thick tweed trousers [illegible] tailors are advertising them [illegible] method of dress has a thou[illegible] some years past our American [illegible] the petticoat except for dinner

Observe Perfect PURITY Guaranteed

Established 1784.

Distillery : Co. ANTRIM, IRELAND.

Head Offices : 1, HILL STREET, BELFAST.

Old Bushmills Pure Malt Whiskey

First Prize Medal, Cork, 1883.
Diploma of Honour, Paris, 1886.
Gold Medal, Liverpool, 1886.
Highest Award, Adelaide, 1887.
ONLY GOLD MEDAL for Whiskey, PARIS, 1889.

BUSHMILLS WHISKEY is absolutely pure, nothing but the best Malted Barley being used in the manufacture.

Take a little trouble to try Old Bushmills. It will be a more serious trouble afterwards to be noted for keeping the finest Whiskey round. To ensure purity it is advisable to get that bottled by the Company, the labels, capsules, and corks bearing their name. A dozen case contains two gallons.

Trade Mark.

OLD POT STILLS ONLY.

Edmund Yates,

"His Recollections & Experiences," Vol. I., page 251, says :—

I COULD not afford good wine, and would not give bad ; but there was some Irish Whiskey which I procured through Mayne Reid ("BUSHMILLS" was its name), which was highly esteemed.

Writing in the *World* of Dec. 22, 1886, he says :—

MENTION made, in certain *Reminiscences* of mine, of a pleasant and wholesome alcoholic stimulant, called "Bushmills Whiskey," has led the proprietors of the famous Distillery to assure me that their alcohol is still extant in its pristine excellence, and, to confirm the assurance, send me a specimen of their produce. "All taps," we are assured by Mr. Stiggins, "is wanity ;" but I am glad to find that a favourite "wanity" of my youth is as mellow and as innocuous as when first introduced to my notice by my old friend, Captain Mayne Reid.

600